



# ECHIQUIER AGRESSOR A

FEBRUARY 2026 (data as of 02/28/2026)



Echiquier Agressor invests in European stocks using bottom up stock-picking. The "carte blanche" feature allows the manager to select stocks without constraint of style or size.



387 M€  
Net assets



2.187,10 €  
NAV

Recommended investment horizon

5 years

## Fund Managers

Louis Porrini, Benjamin Bellaïche

## Characteristics

Type	SICAV compartiment
Sicav	Echiquier
Creation of the Sicav	12/04/2012
Lifetime	Indefinite
Creation of the subfund	11/29/1991
Date of 1st NAV	11/29/1991
ISIN	FR0010321802
Bloomberg code	ECHAGRE FP
Base currency	EUR
Income allocation	Accumulation
Ref. Indic.	MSCI EUROPE NR
SFDR classification	Article 8

## Financial information

Entry charge	3% max. not acquired by the subfund
Exit charge	None
Management fees	2,20% incl. taxes
Performance fee	Yes*
Swing pricing	No (definition on last page)
Min. subscription	None

### Fees as of 12/18/2025

Management fees and other administrative and operating expenses	2,29%
Transaction costs	0,24%
Outperformance fees	None

## Operational information

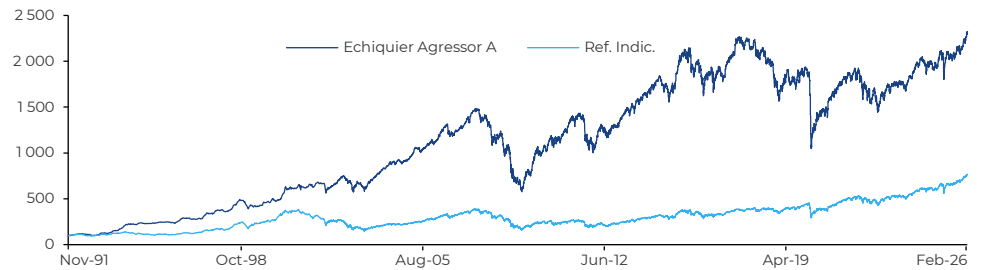
Valorisation frequency	Daily
Cut off	Noon
Settlement	D+2
Fund administrator	Société Générale
Custodian	BNP Paribas SA
Decimalisation	Thousandths

## Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Agressor A turned in a positive monthly performance of 3.60% and of 5.82% year-to-date.

Markets rose sharply this month despite a hostile geopolitical environment. The appreciation of European equities was driven by a double rotation, both geographical and sectoral. We saw a redeployment of flows from the United States to Europe, motivated by a surprise rise in US inflation and historically high relative valuations. In Europe, telecoms, consumer goods and commodities benefited from geopolitical tensions and easing interest rates. Industrial stocks continue to benefit from Germany's plan to support infrastructure and defence. This movement has been to the detriment of software publishers, which are potentially weakened by the rise of AI. Specifically, the fund benefited from strong results from AstraZeneca and ArcelorMittal, but was hurt by Syensqo's profit warning. The fund ended the month slightly down on its benchmark, due to its overweight position in technology and underweight position in consumer staples.

## Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)

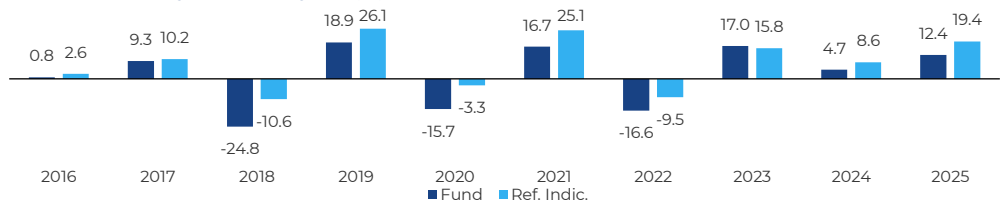


Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

## Perf. (%)

	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund	+3,6	+5,8	+9,2	+9,8	+6,9	+2,7	+9,6
Ref. Indic.	+4,1	+7,3	+16,1	+14,0	+12,4	+9,5	+6,1

## Performance by calendar year (%)



Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Returns indicated are after management fees but before taxes paid by the investor. The fund's performance and that of the benchmark index are calculated with net coupons reinvested. All fees and commissions are included in the calculation.

Until the 12/31/2012, the reference index was CAC ALL TRADABLE. Then until the 12/31/2015 CAC ALL TRADABLE NR. And since the 01/01/2016, MSCI EUROPE NR.

## Other risk indicators

(based on weekly figures)

	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	13.9	12.1	13.3	17.1	15.2
Ref. indicator volatility	13.7	12.3	13.1	15.3	18.5
Sharpe ratio	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.6
Beta	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7
Correlation	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8
Information ratio	-2.4	-1.2	-1.5	-1.0	0.3
Tracking error	2.9	3.4	3.5	6.5	11.0
Max. drawdown of the fund	-14.8	-14.8	-24.9	-53.7	-61.2
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-16.3	-16.3	-19.5	-35.3	-62.9
Time to recovery (business days)	119.0	119.0	357.0	1475.0	1027.0

## Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

\*15% of the net outperformance versus the benchmark, if the fund's performance is positive

COMMERCIAL DOCUMENT - Please refer to the glossary on the last page for technical terms.

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S.A. with a share capital of 10 047 500 € - SIREN 352 045 454 - R.C.S. PARIS - AMF approval N° 91004 - Paying agent: Banque cantonale de Genève, 17 quai de l'île, 1204 Genève

### Fund Profile

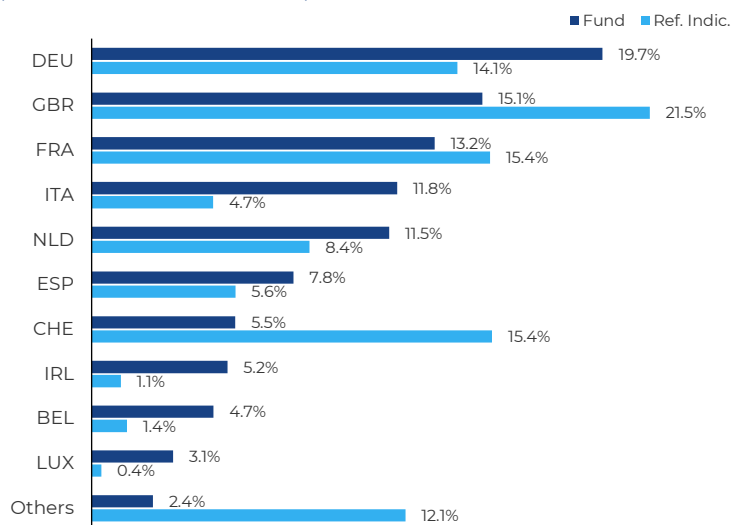
EV/Sales 2026	4,4
PER 2026	20,8
Yield	2,2%
Active share	76,0%

Cash (% of the net assets)	0,3%
Number of positions	39
Average market capitalization (M€)	121.619
Median market capitalization (M€)	71.928

Source: LFDE

### Geographic breakdown

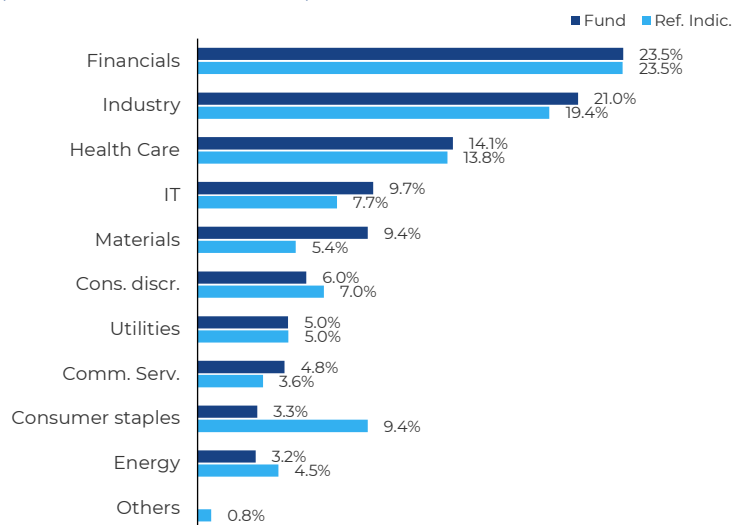
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

### Sector breakdown

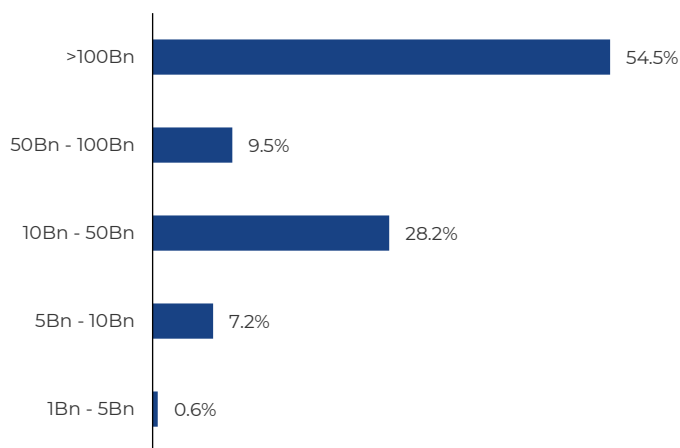
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: Bloomberg

### Capitalization breakdown (€)

(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

### Top holdings

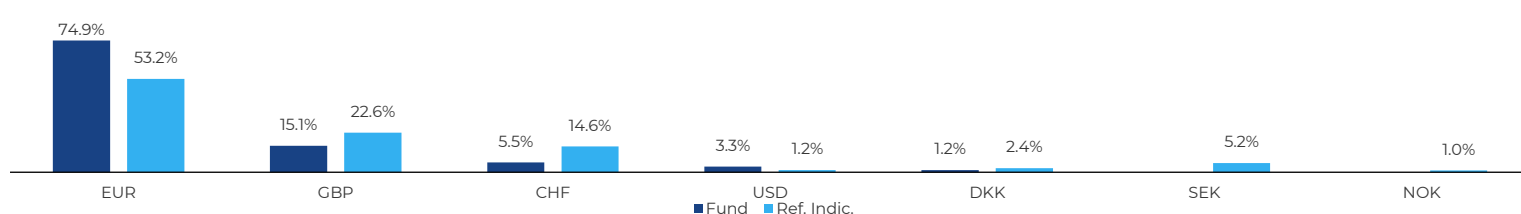
Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
ASML	NLD	IT	5.8
Schneider Electric	FRA	Industry	4.8
Astrazeneca	GBR	Health Care	4.2
Banco Santander	ESP	Financials	4.2
Leonardo	ITA	Industry	4.1
SAP	DEU	IT	3.9
Rolls-Royce	GBR	Industry	3.4
Richemont	CHE	Cons. discr.	3.3
Intesa Sanpaolo	ITA	Financials	3.3
Linde	IRL	Materials	3.3

Total weight of the top 10 holdings: **40,3%**

Source: LFDE

### Currency breakdown

(% of the net assets)



Source: LFDE

### Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
ArcelorMittal	21.0	0.6
Schneider Electric	14.2	0.6
Astrazeneca	14.1	0.6

Weight of the 3 contributors: **11,9%**

Flop 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
Syensqo	-31.9	-0.8
Prosus	-10.2	-0.3
EssilorLuxottica	-12.7	-0.3

Weight of the 3 contributors: **6,8%**

Source: LFDE

## Glossary

## Lexicon of financial conditions

<b>Swing pricing</b>	Mechanism by which the net asset value is adjusted upwards (or downwards) when the change in liabilities is positive (or negative) in order to reduce the cost of portfolio rebalancing to the holders of the fund as a result of changes in liabilities.
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## Lexicon of risk indicators

<b>Volatility</b>	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the performance of a share, market or fund.
<b>Sharpe ratio</b>	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.
<b>Bêta</b>	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.
<b>Information ratio</b>	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.
<b>Tracking error</b>	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.
<b>Max. drawdown</b>	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.
<b>Time to recovery (business days)</b>	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").
<b>Sensitivity</b>	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

## Lexicon of financial analysis

<b>EV/Sales</b>	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.
<b>PER</b>	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.
<b>Consumer discretionary</b>	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.
<b>Basic consumption</b>	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.
<b>Communication Services</b>	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.
<b>Emerging countries</b>	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.
<b>Commodities</b>	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.

## Lexicon of credit analysis

<b>Investment grade bond</b>	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.
<b>High yield bond</b>	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.
<b>Duration</b>	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.
<b>Yield to worst</b>	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.
<b>Yield (all calls exercised)</b>	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.

## For more information

The SICAV was created on December 4, 2012 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on November 29, 1991.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website [www.lfde.com](http://www.lfde.com).

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website [www.lfde.com](http://www.lfde.com) or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website [www.lfde.com](http://www.lfde.com) or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.