

ECHIQUIER CLIMATE & BIODIVERSITY IMPACT EUROPE I

MAY 2024 (data as of 05/31/2024)



The subfund seeks long-term performance by gaining exposure to European equity markets through companies that stand out for their level of progress in addressing climate change and biodiversity issues, as well as for their good governance and the quality of their social and environmental policies (ESG).

111 M€ 1082.78€ Th Net assets NAV

Sicav (subfund)

10/16/2017

Indefinite

12/15/2020

12/15/2020

FR0013517299

Accumulation

MSCI EUROPE NR

3% max. not acquired by the

ECCIEIE FP

FUR

Article 9

subfund

1,00% incl. taxes

1000000 EUR

None

No

No

1.01%

0,42%

No

Daily

Noon

D+2

Société Générale

BNP Paribas SA

Thousandths

Echiquier Impact

Recommended investment horizon

Fund Managers

Characteristics

Creation of the Sicav

Date of 1st NAV

Bloomberg code

Income allocation

Financial information

Base currency

Ref. Indic. SFDR classification

Entry charge

Exit charge

Management fees

Performance fee

Min. subscription

Transaction costs

Cut off

Settlement

Fees as of 12/30/2022

Management fees and other administrative

and operating expenses

Outperformance fees

Valorisation frequency

Fund administrator Custodian

Decimalisation

Operational information

Swing pricing

Creation of the subfund

Type

Sicav

ISIN

Lifetime



Adrien Bommelaer, Luc Olivier, Paul Merle

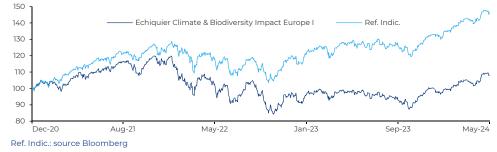


Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Climate & Biodiversity Impact Europe I turned in a positive monthly performance of 3.90% and of 8.12% year-todate.

The markets rebounded in May, buoyed by the stabilisation of US long-term interest rates and good news releases. Cyclical or value sectors such as financials, industrials and property outperformed, while energy and luxury goods lagged. Against this backdrop, the fund is outperforming. Among the main beneficiaries, MUNICH RE is benefiting from the recovery in financials and solid results. EXPERIAN has posted very solid annual growth (for the financial year to the end of March). Lastly, the market is expecting INFINEON to bounce back after the long destocking of semiconductors. Among the big detractors, HERMES is falling with the luxury goods sector and there has been some profit-taking on ASHTEAD after its CMD was held without any major announcements. SAP was penalised by disappointing software publications, particularly from SALESFORCE. We sold our positions in VAISALA and NESTE after its third earnings warning, which caused us to lose confidence in the company. We initiated a position in CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY, the leader in rail freight in North America, which is making a massive contribution to the decarbonisation of freight transport.

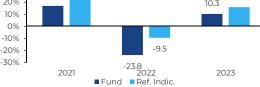
Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)



Perf. (%)

(70)		
	Fund	Ref. Indic.
1 month	+3.9	+3.3
YTD	+8.1	+10.1
1 year annualised	+12.1	+17.5
3 years annualised	-0.3	+8.4
Since inception annualised	+2.3	+11.7





15.8

Since

10

Other risk indicators

i year	5 Years	5 fears	io years	inception
13.7	16.4	-	-	- 16.0
11.3	13.6	-	-	- 13.3
0.8	0.1	-	-	- 0.2
1.1	1.1	-	-	- 1.1
0.9	0.9	-	-	- 0.9
-0.9	-1.3	-		1.3
4.8	6.4	-	-	- 6.6
-11.7	-29.7	-	-	29.7
-8.3	-19.5	-	-	19.5
35.0	-	-	-	
	13.7 11.3 0.8 1.1 0.9 -0.9 4.8 -11.7 -8.3	13.7 16.4 11.3 13.6 0.8 0.1 1.1 1.1 0.9 0.9 -0.9 -1.3 4.8 64 -11.7 -29.7 -8.3 -19.5	13.7 16.4 - 11.3 13.6 - 0.8 0.1 - 1.1 1.1 - 0.9 0.9 - -0.9 -1.3 - 4.8 6.4 - -11.7 -29.7 - -8.3 -19.5 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

1.000

Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

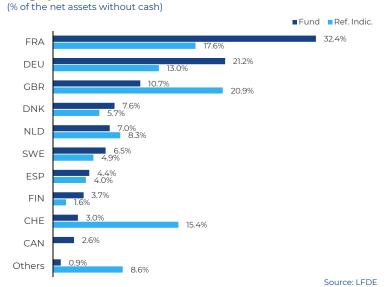
The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return

Fund Profile

EV/Sales 2024	5.1
PER 2024	24.7
Yield	2.5%
Active share	78.9%

Geographic breakdown



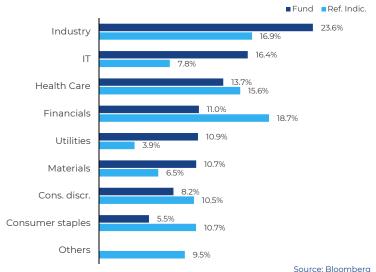
20.7%

25.1%

Cash (% of the net assets)	-0.2%
Number of positions	29
Average market capitalization (M€)	138 072
Median market capitalization (M€)	49 627
	Source: LFDE

Sector breakdown (GICS)

(% of the net assets without cash)



Top holdings

34.9%

Source: LFDE

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Novo Nordisk	DNK	Health Care	7.6
ASML	NLD	IT	7.0
L'Oréal	FRA	Consumer s	5.5
Compass	GBR	Cons. discr.	4.6
Legrand	FRA	Industry	4.5
Iberdrola	ESP	Utilities	4.5
Munich Re	DEU	Financials	4.1
Allianz	DEU	Financials	4.0
Schneider Electric	FRA	Industry	4.0
Air Liquide	FRA	Materials	3.9
Total weight o	of the top 10	holdings: 49.7%	

Currency breakdown

<1Bn

Capitalization breakdown (€)

>100Bn

50Bn - 100Bn

10Bn - 50Bn

5Bn - 10Bn

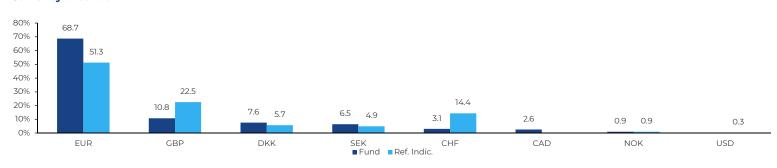
1Bn - 5Bn

(% of the net assets without cash)

4.0%

7.6%

7.7%



Source: LFDE

Source: LFDE

Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors						
Holdings	Performance	Contribution				
Munich Re	11.1	0.4				
Infineon Technologies	12.6	0.4				
ASML	4.6	0.3				
Weight of the 3 contributors: 14.1%						

Flop 3 contributors					
Holdings	Performance	Contribution			
Hermès	-2.4	-0.1			
Compass	-1.5	-0.1			
Ashtead	-2.4	-0.1			
Weight of the 3 contributors: 11.0%					
		Source: LFDE			

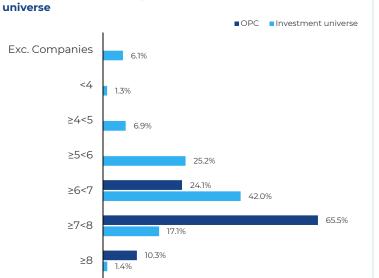
ESG Data

Selectivity rate ⁽¹⁾		44.1 %
Minimum ESG score		6.2
	Fund	Investment universe
Coverage rates for ESG analysis ⁽²⁾	100%	58%
Weighted average ESG rating	7.4	6.2

Selectivity rate: percentage of the investment universe excluded due to ESG criteria ⁽²⁾Percentage of net invested assets (excluding mutual funds, cash and derivatives) covered by ESG analysis

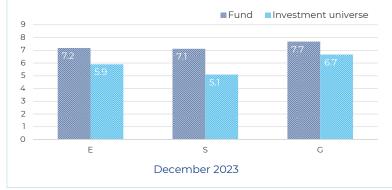
Top ESG ratings of the fund

Holdings	Country	ESG score	Е	S	G
Legrand	France	8.6	8.3	8.4	8.8
Schneider Electric	France	8.5	9.1	8.2	8.4
Air Liquide	France	8.0	7.1	7.9	8.2
Asml	Netherlands	7.9	7.8	8.4	7.7
Sig Group	Switzerland	7.8	8.1	7.9	7.8



Distribution of ESG ratings of the fund and the investment

Average scores compared to the investment universe

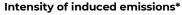




Source: La Financière de l'Echiquier and MSCI ESG Research

ESG performance indicators



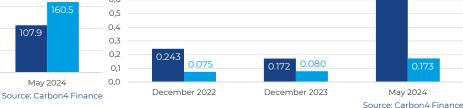




Ratio of emissions saved/induced

Fund Ref. Indic.

0.703



* The Fund is committed to outperforming its benchmark on these indicators.

Environment

Methodologies and coverage rate

		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024
Turnover	Portfolio	90.3%	94.3%	96.8%	ESG Controversy	Portfolio	98.0%	100.0%	100.0%
of employees	Ref. indicator	85.8%	88.0%	86.5%	score	Ref. indicator	100.0%	99.9%	98.2%
					Controversy score of the portfo	$lio = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (Controversy Score_{i})$	x Stock Weighting		
		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024
Signatories of the United Nations	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Carbon	Portfolio	97.2%	100.0%	100.0%
Global Compact	Ref. indicator	96.2%	99.8%	99.9%	data	Ref. indicator	98.8%	99.0%	99.0%
					Carbon intensity of the portfolio	$=\sum_{n=1}^{n} \left(\frac{\text{Investment Value}}{\sum_{n=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_$	x Carbon Emissio		

Li=1 Fund Net Asset Value Enterprise Value_i

voided emissions on induced emissions (CIR) = $\sum_{i=1}^{m_i^{(i)}} \frac{\text{Sum of CO2 emissions savings}_i}{\text{Sum of CO2 induced emissions}_i} \times \text{Stock weighting }_i \text{ in the portfolio}$

We have not encountered any difficulties in measuring these ESG performance indicators.

ESC: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. At La Financière de l'Echiquier, the Governance score accounts for around 60% of the ESC score. For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESC indicators above and on our approach as a responsible investor, please refer to our transparency code and other documents available on La Financière de l'Echiquier's website at the following link: www.lfde.com/en-ch/responsible-investment/to-find-out-more/

Sources: La Financière de l'Echiquier. The United Nations Global Compact, Carbon4 Finance, MSCI ESG Research

The French government SRI label is valid for a limited period and is subject to re-evaluation. Furthermore, the fact that a sub-fund has been awarded the label does not mean that it meets your own sustainability objectives or that the label meets the requirements of future national or European rules

Extra-financial objective of the fund

ISR,

The fund's management objective is combined with an extra-financial approach that takes account of environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria, such as the issuer's environmental policy, employee protection and the skills of the management team, using a dual "best in universe" and "best effort" ESG approach. This SRI fund systematically integrates environmental, social and governance criteria into its financial management. This has an impact on the selection of securities in the portfolio.

The following are examples of indicators for each of the E-S and G criteria:

Environmental indicators: environmental policy and actions, results of action plans put in place by the company, exposure of suppliers to environmental risks, positive or negative impact of products on the environment.

Social indicators: attractiveness of employee brand, employee retention, anti-discrimination, employee protection, supplier exposure to social risks, relations with civil society. Governance indicators: competence of the management team, checks and balances, respect for minority shareholders, business ethics.

The fund seeks to select the issuers with the best extra-financial ratings in their investment universe ("best in universe" approach). The fund also seeks to invest in companies that are at the start of their CSR process and are in the process of improving their ESG practices ("best effort" approach). The fund applies two extra-financial filters to its stock selection: after excluding controversial sectors and practices, companies must meet a minimum ESG rating.

The ESG rating is out of 10 and is awarded to each issuer. The ESG rating of issuers in the portfolio must always be higher than 100%.

- This rating is determined by a methodology internal to the management company and is composed as follows:
- **Covernance**: the Governance rating represents approximately 60% of the overall ESG rating. This is a historical bias of La Financière de l'Echiquier, which has attached particular importance to this subject since its creation.
- Environment and Social: social and environmental criteria are combined into a Responsibility score. The calculation of this takes account of the type of company concerned:
- for industrial stocks: social and environmental criteria are equally weighted within the Responsibility score. for service values: the "Social" score contributes 2/3 to the "Responsibility" score while the "Environment" score accounts for 1/3 of the "Responsibility" score.

The methodological limitations of the ESG approach mainly concern the reliability of the extra-financial data published by the issuers and the subjective nature of the ratings used by the management company.

La Financière de l'Echiquier carries out ESG ratings on at least 100 % of the securities in its portfolio, with particular attention paid internally to corporate governance and the support of MSCI ESG Research on environmental and social issues.

The E and S ratings are derived from an MSCI ESG Research database. The G rating is an internal rating. A minimum ESG rating of 6.0/10 is required to integrate ESG-managed UCIs. In addition, these funds undertake to ensure that their weighted average ESG rating is higher than that of their investment universe at all times. The securities making up the benchmark index are not selected on the basis of their environmental or social characteristics. The index is not adapted to the social or environmental characteristics promoted by the UCI. The data on which our various exclusions are based (excluding thermal coal) comes from MSCI ESG Research and is updated monthly

For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators, please refer to our transparency code available on www.lfde.com/en-ch/responsibleinvestment/to-find-out-more/.

Climat indicators ECHIQUIER CLIMATE & BIODIVERSITY IMPACT EUROPE I

MAY 2024 (data as of 05/31/2024)

Fund climate & biodiversity profil

	Fund		Ref. Indic.	
	Data	Coverage	Data	Coverage
CBM score	65 %	100%	64%	36%
Temperature	1.8°C	100%	2.6°C	99%
MSAppb*	38	96%	62	96%
Eligible Green Share	37.8 %	52%	21.2%	39%
Physical risks	27.0	96%	26.5	97%

MSAppb*

	Top 5		
Holdings	Weight	Climate profile	MSAppb*
Aker Carbon Capture	0.5%	Solution	0.1
Ashtead	2.7%	Solution	5.7
Tomra Systems	0.5%	Solution	5.9
Asml	7.0%	Transition	7.1
Dassault Systemes	2.9%	Transition	7.6

Climate & Biodiversity Maturity

	Top 5		
Holdings	Weight	Climate profile	CBM score
Schneider Electric	4.0%	Solution	93 %
L'Oreal	5.5%	Pionnier	80%
Veolia Environnement	2.6%	Solution	79 %
Sap	3.3%	Pionnier	77 %
Astrazeneca	3.5%	Pionnier	73%

Climate & Biodiversity Maturity (CBM) Score: score reflecting the level of progress (measured in %) of the company in taking into account the climate and biodiversity issues it faces and will face in the future

Temperature: Temperature: a measure of the alignment of portfolio companies with the reference trajectory defined by the IEA.

MSAppb*: biodiversity indicator expressing the average loss of species on a standardised area. **Eligible Creen Share:** represents the share of the company's turnover that comes from activities eligible under the European taxonomy.

Physical risks: measures the exposure of companies to different climatic hazards. The score is based on 100. A score of 100 represents maximum exposure.

	Flop 5		
Holdings	Weight	Climate profile	MSAppb*
Kemira	3.8%	Transition	311.2
Alfa Laval	3.5%	Solution	99.1
Spie	2.5%	Solution	88.3
Veolia Environnement	2.6%	Solution	49.9
Air Liquide	3.9%	Solution	45.4

	Flop 5		
Holdings	Weight	Climate profile	CBM score
Infineon Technologies	3.3%	Solution	42 %
Aker Carbon Capture	0.5%	Solution	43 %
Ashtead	2.7%	Solution	51%
Epiroc	3.0%	Transition	52 %
Sika	1.6%	Transition	53 %

Data as of 05/31/2024

Methodologies and coverage rate

		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024
Turnover of employees	Portfolio	90.3%	94.3%	96.8%	ESG Controversy score	Portfolio	98.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Ref. indicator	85.8%	88.0%	86.5%		Ref. indicator	100.0%	99.9%	98.2%
				Controversy score of the portfolio = $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (Controversy Score_i \times Stock Weighting_i)$					
		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024
Signatories of the United Nations Global Compact	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Carbon data	Portfolio	97.2%	100.0%	100.0%
	Ref. indicator	96.2%	99.8%	99.9%		Ref. indicator	98.8%	99.0%	99.0%
					$\text{Carbon intensity of the portfolio} = \sum\nolimits_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{\text{Investment Value}_{i}}{\text{Fund Net Asset Value}} x \frac{\text{Carbon Emissions Scope 1,2 e 3}}{\text{Enterprise Value}_{i}} \right)$				
					Ratio avoided emissions on induced emission.	$s(CIR) = \sum_{i=1}^{n($	$\frac{1}{i}$ × Stock weighting i in the port	tfolio	

We have not encountered any difficulties in measuring these ESG performance indicators.

SG: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. At La Financière de l'Echiquier, the Governance score accounts for around 60% of the ESG score. For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators above and on our approach as a responsible investor, please refer to our transparency code and other documents available on La Financière de l'Echiquier's website at the following link: www.lfde.com/en-ch/responsible-investment/to-find-out-more/

Glossary

	Lexicon of risk indicators				
Volatility	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of th performance of a share, market or fund.				
Sharpe ratio	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.				
Bêta	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.				
Information ratio	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.				
Tracking error	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.				
Max. drawdown	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.				
Time to recovery (business days)	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").				
Sensitivity	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).				
	Lexicon of financial analysis				
EV/Sales	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.				
PER	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.				
Consumer discretionary	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.				
Basic consumption	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.				
Communication Services	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.				
Emerging countries	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new business and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.				
Commodities	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.				
	Lexicon of credit analysis				
Investment grade bond	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.				
High yield bond	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.				
Duration	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.				
Yield to worst	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.				
Yield (all calls exercised)	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.				
	Non-financial analysis lexicon				
Selectivity rate	Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.				
Investment universe	Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.				
Controversy score	This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment, consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.				
Carbon data	A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO ₂ emissions saved and CO ₂ emissions induced. Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).				
Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR)	Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than 1 means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than 1 induces.				
Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)	Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.				

For more information

The SICAV was created on October 16, 2017 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on December 15, 2020.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com.

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the www.lfde.com management company's website directly via the link below: or https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.