

ECHIQUIER AGENOR SRI MID CAP EUROPE FUND K

MAY 2024 (data as of 05/31/2024)



Echiquier Agenor SRI Mid Cap Europe Fund is a bottom up stock-picking fund. It invests in European small and mid-cap growth stocks that are selected mainly for the quality of their Management.







20 M€ Net assets



2 140.16 € NAV

Recommended investment horizon



Fund Managers

Stéphanie Bobtcheff, José Berros

Characteristics

Sicav (subfund) Type Echiquier Fund Creation of the Sicav 10/08/2013 Indefinite Lifetime Creation of the subfund 01/17/2014 Date of 1st NAV 01/17/2014 LU0969069359 Bloomberg code EAMCEGE LX Base currency **FUR** Income allocation Accumulation

MSCI FUROPE MID CAP NET

Ref. Indic. RETURN EUR

SFDR classification Article 8

Financial information

3% max. not acquired by the Entry charge subfund

None

Management fees 1.00% incl. taxes

Performance fee No Swing pricing No

100 000 FUR Min. subscription

Fees as of 09/30/2023

Exit charge

Management fees and other administrative and operating expenses

1,10%

Transaction costs 0.23% Outperformance fees

Operational information

Valorisation frequency Daily Cut off 10:00 Settlement D+2

Fund administrator BNP Paribas Luxembourg Custodian BNP Paribas Luxembourg

Decimalisation Thousandths

Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Agenor SRI Mid Cap Europe Fund K turned in a positive monthly performance of 5.49% and of 5.82% year-to-date.

Equity markets rebounded in May, with small and mid caps outperforming large caps for the 2nd month running. Despite the continued outperformance of discounted stocks, particularly banks, the fund outperformed its index thanks to a strong selection effect, notably the takeover bid for Neoen (+32% +167bp). At the end of May, the Brookfield investment fund announced that it had entered into exclusive negotiations with the majority shareholder for a takeover of the company. The price of €39.85 represents a premium of 27%. Since its IPO at the end of 2018, Neoen has delivered an annualised return of 20%. Diploma (+13%, +65bp) continues its excellent track record with a further increase in its annual guidance. The fund's performance was impacted by the underperformance of ZEISS (-15%) and SARTORIUS (-10%) as the operating momentum of these two medtech companies continues to deteriorate. We believe that the upturn in macroeconomic indicators in Europe, coupled with the arrival of the first interest rate cuts in Europe, should continue to drive growth in the mid-cap

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception



Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

Perf. (%)

			Annadised						
	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception		
Fund	+5.5	+5.8	+7.8	-2.9	+4.7	+7.8	+7.6		
Ref. Indic.	+4.5	+8.3	+16.3	+2.1	+8.6	+7.7	+7.7		



Until the 12/31/2021, the reference index was MSCI EUROPE SM CAP NR. And since the 01/01/2022, MSCI EUROPE MID CAP NET RETURN EUR

Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	14.5	17.8	17.9	15.4	15.3
Ref. indicator volatility	13.2	15.9	20.4	17.6	17.5
Sharpe ratio	0.5	Neg	0.3	0.6	0.6
Beta	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Information ratio	-1.2	-0.6	-0.5	0	-0.1
Tracking error	6.1	7.9	10.0	8.3	8.3
Max. drawdown of the fund	-16.3	-35.8	-35.8	-35.8	-35.8
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-11.9	-29.8	-41.4	-41.4	-41.4
Time to recovery (business days)	71.0	-	-	-	-

Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return

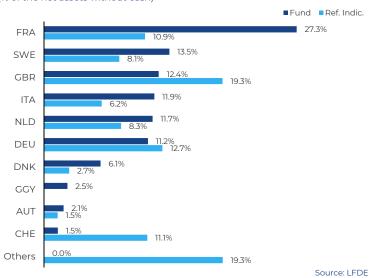
Fund Profile

EV/Sales 2024	5.2
PER 2024	27.1
Yield	1.7%
Active share	89.1%

Cash (% of the net assets)	6.4%
Number of positions	37
Average market capitalization (M€)	8 136
Median market capitalization (M€)	7 579
	Source: LEDE

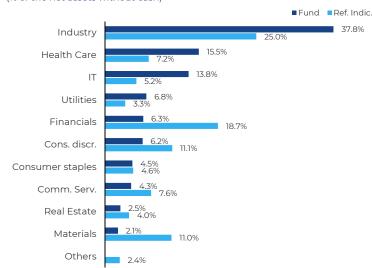
Geographic breakdown

(% of the net assets without cash)



Sector breakdown (GICS)

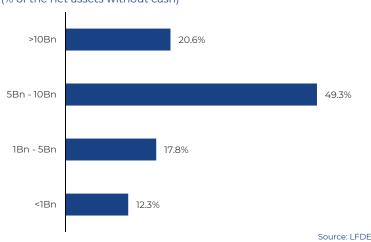
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: Bloomberg

Capitalization breakdown (€)

(% of the net assets without cash)

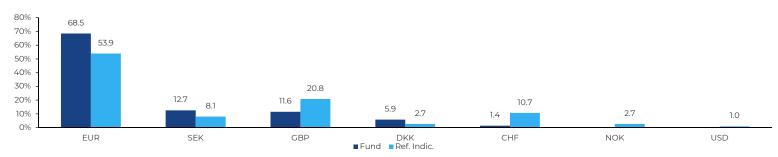


Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Neoen	FRA	Utilities	6.4
Diploma	GBR	Industry	5.2
Spie	FRA	Industry	4.4
Euronext	FRA	Financials	4.3
Recordati	ITA	Health Care	4.3
AAK	SWE	Consumer s	4.2
Scout24	DEU	Comm. Serv.	4.0
Beijer Ref B	SWE	Industry	3.4
Elis	FRA	Industry	3.2
ASM International	NLD	IT	3.0
Total weight o	of the top 10	holdings: 42.4%	

Source: LFDE

Currency breakdown



Source: LFDE

Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors						
Holdings	Performance	Contribution				
Neoen	32.3	1.7				
Diploma	13.5	0.6				
Spie	12.9	0.5				
Weight of the 3 contributors: 14.4%						

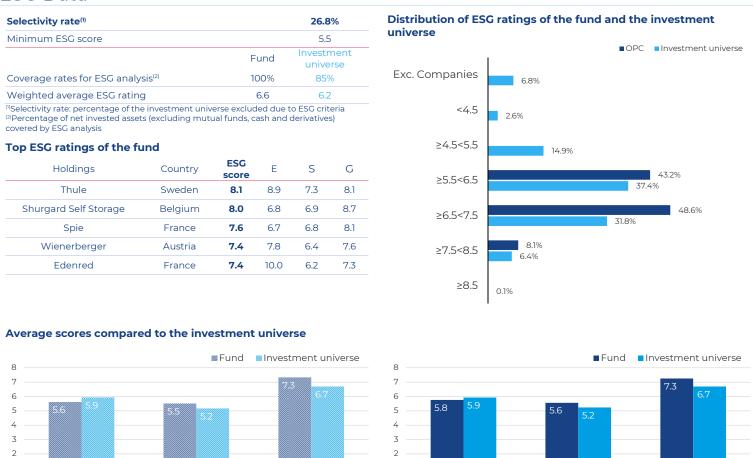
Flop 3 contributors							
Holdings	Performance	Contribution					
Carl Zeiss Med.	-14.6	-0.3					
Sartorius Sted. Bio.	-10.0	-0.2					
Biomerieux	-2.9	-0.1					
Weight of the 3 contributors: 5.7%							
Course							

Source: LFDE

ESG Data

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December 2023



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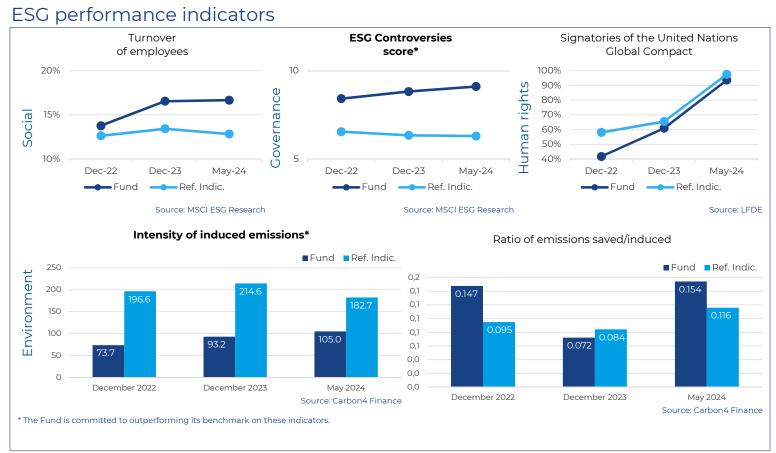
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Source: La Financière de l'Echiquier and MSCI ESG Research

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May 2024

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Methodologies and coverage rate

		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024
Turnover	Portfolio	79.2%	82.4%	74.5%	ESG Controversyscore	Portfolio	97.7%	100.0%	100.0%
of employees	Ref. indicator	78.5%	78.8%	80.0%		Ref. indicator	100.0%	99.6%	99.2%
					Controversy score of the portfolio $=\sum_{i=1}^{n} (Controversy Score_i \times Stock Weighting_i)$				
		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	05/31/2024
Signatories of the United Nations	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Carbon	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Global Compact	Ref. indicator	89.8%	98.9%	99.5%	data	Ref. indicator	95.2%	96.3%	95.2%
					$ \text{Carbon intensity of the portfolio} = \sum\nolimits_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{\text{Investment Value}_{i}}{\text{Fund Net Asset Value}} \times \frac{\text{Carbon Emissions Scope 1,2 e 3}}{\text{Enterprise Value}_{i}} \right) $				
					$\textit{Ratio avoided emissions on induced emissions} \ \text{CIR}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n_i} \frac{\text{Sum of CO2 emissions savings}_i}{\text{Sum of CO2 induced emissions}_i} \times \ \text{Stock weighting }_i \ \text{in the portfolio}$				

We have not encountered any difficulties in measuring these ESG performance indicators.

ESG: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. At La Financière de l'Echiquier, the Governance score accounts for around 60% of the ESG score. For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators above and on our approach as a responsible investor, please refer to our transparency code and

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Sources: La Financière de l'Echiquier, The United Nations Global Compact, Carbon 4 Finance, MSCI ESG Research

The French government SRI label is valid for a limited period and is subject to re-evaluation. Furthermore, the fact that a sub-fund has been awarded the label does not mean that it meets your own sustainability objectives or that the label meets the requirements of future national or European rules.

Extra-financial objective of the fund

The fund systematically incorporates environmental, social and governance criteria. This has an impact on the selection of securities in the portfolio.

The following are examples of indicators for each of the E, S and G criteria:

- Environmental indicators: environmental policy and actions, results of action plans put in place by the company, exposure of suppliers to environmental risks, positive or negative impact of products on the environment.
- Social indicators: attractiveness of employer brand, employee retention, anti-discrimination, employee protection, supplier exposure to social risks, relations with civil society.
- Governance indicators: competence of the management team, checks and balances, respect for minority shareholders, business ethics.

The fund seeks to select the best-rated issuers from an extra-financial point of view within its investment universe ("best in universe" approach).

The fund also invests in companies that have adopted a CSR approach and are committed to improving their ESC practices ("best effort" approach).

The fund applies two extra-financial filters in its stock selection: after excluding controversial sectors and practices, stocks must meet a minimum ESG rating requirement. These ratings are determined by the Management Company and applied to the entire portfolio. The ESG rating is established out of 10 and is assigned to each issuer.

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This rating is determined as follows:

- Governance: the Governance rating represents approximately 60% of the overall ESG rating. This is a historical bias of La Financière de l'Echiquier, which has attached particular importance to this subject since its creation.
- Environment and Social: social and environmental criteria are combined into a Responsibility score. The calculation of this takes account of the type of company concerned:
- for industrial stocks: social and environmental criteria are equally weighted within the Responsibility score.
- for service values: the "Social" score contributes 2/3 to the "Responsibility" score while the "Environment" score accounts for 1/3 of the "Responsibility" score.

This rating may be reduced in the event of significant controversy. If a company's rating falls below the minimum required by the Management Company for the fund, the position in the issuer would be sold in the best interests of unitholders/shareholders.

For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators, please refer to our transparency code available on www.lfde.com/en-ch/responsible-investment/to-fined-out-more/

Glossary

Lexicon of risk indicators

Volatility Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the

performance of a share, market or fund.

Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. Sharpe ratio If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark

If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.

Bêta If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to

For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.

Information ratio tic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index

Tracking error An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is

from its benchmark index.

Max. drawdown Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio

days)

Sensitivity

Commodities

Carbon data

Time to recovery (business Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").

Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

Lexicon of financial analysis

EV/Sales Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales

PER Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.

Consumer discretionary In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential. **Basic consumption** As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential

Communication Services This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.

Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses **Emerging countries**

and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.

A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy

Lexicon of credit analysis

Investment grade bond A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+

A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies. High yield bond

Duration The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk

Yield to worst The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.

Yield (all calls exercised) The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of

redeeming the bond before its final maturity date

Non-financial analysis lexicon

Selectivity rate Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.

Investment universe Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.

This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested Controversy score

in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment,

consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.

A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO₂ emissions saved and CO₂ emissions induced.

Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).

Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR) Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO2 equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR

greater than I means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces. Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon

Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)

Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.

For more information

The SICAV was created on October 8, 2013 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on January 17, 2014.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com.

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the company's website www.lfde.com directly via the link https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the directly country or in English on the Regulatory Information page https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf of the management company's website www.lfde.com or

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU