

## TOCQUEVILLE SMALL CAP EURO ISR D

APRIL 2024 (data as of 04/30/2024)



The fund's objective is to take advantage of the growth of companies in the eurozone, mainly small and mid-caps, by selecting stocks that meet socially responsible investment criteria, within the framework of a dynamic equity allocation decided by the asset management company.



 655 M€
 48.57 €

 Net assets
 NAV

Recommended investment horizon

Nelly Davies, Alexandre Voisin

**Fund Managers** 

Characteristics

Type

ISIN

Lifetime

Inception date

Date of 1st NAV

Bloomberg code

Income allocation

SFDR classification

Management fees Performance fee

Swing pricing

Min. subscription

Fees as of 09/30/2022

Management fees and

and operating expenses

other administrative

Outperformance fees

Valorisation frequency

Fund administrator

**Operational information** 

Transaction costs

Cut off

Settlement

Custodian

Decimalisation

**Financial information** 

Base currency

Ref. Indic.

Entry charge

Exit charge



French mutual fund (FCP)

MSCI EMU SMALL CAP NET

4% max. not acquired by the fund

99 years

01/03/1997

01/03/1997

EUR

FR0010546911

ULYSSED FP

Distribution

RETURN EUR

Article 8

1% max. 1.99% incl. taxes

No

No

1 EUR

2.039%

None

No

Dailv

14:30

D+2

CACEIS Bank

Ten-thousandths

CACEIS Fund Administration

**Fund Manager comments** 

Tocqueville Small Cap Euro ISR D turned in a negative monthly performance of -1.44% and turned in a positive performance of 1.97% year-to-date.

Equity markets paused in April after a positive first quarter. The combination of corporate earnings releases and the postponement of downside expectations interrupted the rebound sequence. Financials, utilities (with a rebound in renewables) and property were the biggest gainers, while technology, healthcare and consumer staples fell back. The fund lagged the MSCI EMU Small Cap, with contributions from banking stocks (BPER Banca), real estate (TAG Immo, Merlin Properties) and renewable energies (Erg, Neoen) unable to offset the absence of Banco Sabadell and declines in Alten, Kion, Sopra and Signify following quarterly reports that fell short of market expectations. Movements included partial profit-taking on Merlin Properties, Rovi, Signify, Arcadis, Ence and Schoeller-Bleckmann. Conversely, we added to Erg in the renewables sector, as well as Cancom (German exposure with a view to an upturn in business) and continued to build up a position in Norma (turnaround situation).

# Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)



#### Perf. (%)

F

			Annualised					
	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception	
Fund	-1.4	+2.0	+6.1	-1.2	+3.9	+2.5	+6.8	
Ref. Indic.	-0.3	+3.4	+8.2	+1.6	+4.7	+5.3	+6.2	

#### Performance by calendar year (%)



Until the 12/30/2004, the reference index was CAC 40 NR (OUVERTURE). Then until the 05/26/2013 CAC 40 NR. Then until the 09/29/2019 EURO STOXX NR. Then until the 05/23/2021 MSCI EMU MID CAP NR EUR. And since the 05/24/2021, MSCI EMU SMALL CAP NET RETURN EUR.

Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	13.1	17.1	20.4	17.1	16.3
Ref. indicator volatility	12.5	15.9	19.8	17.8	21.3
Sharpe ratio	0.3	Neg	0.3	0.2	0.4
Beta	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7
Correlation	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
Information ratio	-0.4	-0.5	-0.1	-0.5	0
Tracking error	3.3	4.6	5.9	6.0	11.3
Max. drawdown of the fund	-13.7	-32.3	-37.8	-40.1	-65.3
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-12.2	-29.8	-37.1	-37.1	-63.4
Time to recovery (business days)	41.0	-	188.0	202.0	2144.0

### **Risk indicator**



The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

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51

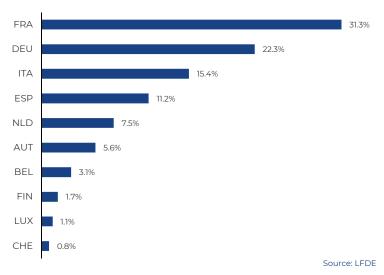
Source: LFDE

#### **Fund Profile**

EV/Sales 2024	2.0
PER 2024	14.8
Yield	3.4%
Active share	81.0%

### Geographic breakdown

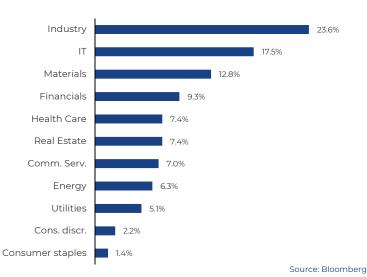
(% of the net assets without cash)



Cash (% of the net assets) 5.3% Number of positions Average market capitalization (M€) 3,498 Median market capitalization (M€) 2,956 Source: LFDE

#### Sector breakdown (GICS)

(% of the net assets without cash)



**Top holdings** 

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Spie	FRA	Industry	3.8
BPER Banca	ITA	Financials	3.8
Sopra Steria	FRA	IT	3.2
Arcadis	NLD	Industry	3.2
Gerresheimer	DEU	Health Care	3.1
Indra Sistemas	ESP	IT	3.1
Kion	DEU	Industry	3.0
Elis	FRA	Industry	3.0
lpsos	FRA	Comm. Serv.	3.0
Rovi	ESP	Health Care	2.9
Total weight	of the top 10	holdings: 32.1%	

Source: LFDE

72.7%

#### Performance analysis (monthly)

10.4%

Capitalization breakdown (€)

5Bn - 10Bn

1Bn - 5Bn

<1Bn

(% of the net assets without cash)

16.9%

Top 3 contributors				
Holdings	Performance	Contribution		
BPER Banca	11.7	0.4		
ERG	8.7	0.2		
Neoen	9.6	0.2		
Weight of the 3 contributors: 8.0%				

Flop 3 contributors				
Holdings	Performance	Contribution		
Alten	-18.1	-0.5		
Kion	-11.1	-0.4		
Sopra Steria	-8.2	-0.3		
Weight	of the 3 contributors: <b>9.2%</b>			
		Source: LFDE		

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Valeur limite

du

comparable

3.9

126.2

53.9%

40.0%

Type de

comparable

Portfolio -20%

Universe

Universe

Absolute

Universe

Universe

Universe

Universe

## **Key SRI indicators**

#### Méthode de la note ISR moyenne

SRI rating of the portfolio better than the SRI of the rating investment universe, after eliminating 20% of the lowest rated companies/issuers, and the list of exclusions from the LBP AM Exclusion Committee.



#### Responsible 2 0 governance Encourage the

**Energy Transition** 

Mitigating climate risks

transition from a high-

model to a more sober

and sustainable model.

by supporting the

carbon economic

dissemination of best practices in terms of . corporate governance and business ethics.

#### Management Sustainable management of human and natural resources: respect for human rights, development of labour laws, sustainable relations with suppliers,

environmental protection.

Promote responsible

create value for all

stakeholders in the

Sustainable

value chain.

Territorial

Development

Sustainable

Resource

**GREaT Pilars** Responsible Governance 99.1% 98.5% 4.2 4.7 Sustainable Management Of 97.6% 98.5% 40 46 Resources **Energy And Economic** 99.1% 98.3% 3.6 44 Transition Local Territories 97.6% 96.5% 4.3 4.7 Average GREaT Worst GREaT score of the securities in position. The score 1 corresponds to the highest extra-financial Score quality and 10 to the lowest. Carbon footprint Number of tonnes of greenhouse gases generated (scope 1 + 2) per 1 million euros invested

% couverture

comparable

98.1%

97.5%

87.3%

N/A

Portfolio value

74.7

61.9%

66.1%

% couverture

portefeuille

99.1%

97.4%

93.0%

N/A

Sustainable Remuneration Sustainability score Universe

**SRI Indicators** 

PTF for SFDR

Average GREaT Score

Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)

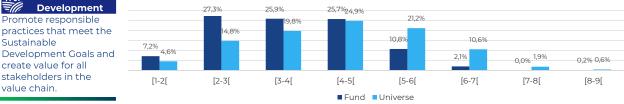
Spot Sustainability score of the

Sustainable Remuneration

Share of companies that take into account extra-financial criteria in their executive remuneration policy. Share of companies considered sustainable investments under SFDR regulations.

MSCI EMU Small Cap dividendes nets réinvestis + MSCI EMU Mid Cap dividendes nets réinvestis

#### **Rating GREaT Breakdown**



#### Top GREaT marks in the portfolio

Name	Weight in the portfolio	GREaT Rating	G	R	Е	Т
ERG SPA	2.6%	1.2	15.1%	20.1%	46.2%	18.6%
NEOEN SA	2.2%	1.8	15.7%	15.6%	47.9%	20.8%
ENCE ENERGIA Y CELULOSA SA	1.9%	1.9	12.1%	35.1%	41.6%	11.2%
SIGNIFY NV	2.5%	2.2	11.7%	23.1%	43.2%	21.9%
MERLIN PROPERTIES SOCIMI SA	2.7%	2.3	9.6%	24.4%	53.1%	12.9%

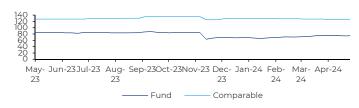
La contribution de chaque pilier à la note GREaT se fait par rapport à la note moyenne de l'univers sur la

## SRI KPI of the fund

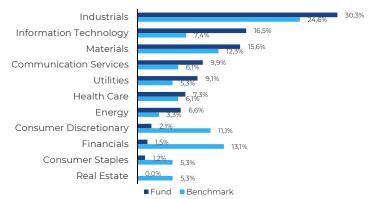
1+2) Materials 59.1% 62.4% 19,1% Industrials 7,2% Enerav 6.8% Health Care Utilities 3,8% 1,1% .3.8% Consumer Discretionary Information Technology 8:3% Communication Services 8,8% 8;3% Real Estate Financials 8.2% 0,0% Consumer Staples ■ Fund Benchmark

**Répartition sectorielle en contribution Carbon Footprint (Scope** 

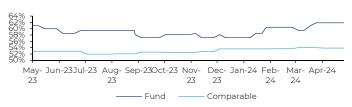
### **Evolution Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)**



**Répartition sectorielle en contribution Sustainable** Remuneration



#### **Evolution Sustainable Remuneration**



Source des données extra financière : LBP AM

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### Glossary

	Lexicon of risk indicators		
Volatility	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the performance of a share, market or fund.		
Sharpe ratio	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.		
Bêta	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.		
Information ratio	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.		
Tracking error	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.		
Max. drawdown	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.		
Time to recovery (business days)	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").		
Sensitivity	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).		
	Lexicon of financial analysis		
EV/Sales	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.		
PER	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.		
Consumer discretionary	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.		
Basic consumption	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.		
Communication Services	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.		
Emerging countries	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new business and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.		
Commodities	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.		
	Lexicon of credit analysis		
Investment grade bond	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.		
High yield bond	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.		
Duration	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.		
Yield to worst	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.		
Yield (all calls exercised)	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.		
	Non-financial analysis lexicon		
Selectivity rate	Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.		
Investment universe	Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.		
Controversy score	This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment, consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.		
Carbon data	A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO <sub>2</sub> emissions saved and CO <sub>2</sub> emissions induced. Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).		
Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR)	Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than 1 means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces.		
Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)	Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.		

#### For more information

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com.

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.