



TOCQUEVILLE DIVIDENDE ISR C

JUNE 2024 (data as of 06/30/2024)



The fund's objective is, within the framework of a dynamic equity allocation decided by the asset management company, to seek to benefit from the development of European countries by investing in listed equities in European financial markets that distribute a large, regular and sustainable dividend, with the potential for growth, while seeking to limit the risk of significant portfolio fluctuations and meeting socially responsible investment criteria (as analysed by the asset management company).





211 M€ Net assets



25.81 € NAV

Recommended investment horizon



norizon

Pierre Coiffet, Romain Ruffenach

Characteristics

Fund Managers

 Type
 French mutual fund (FCP)

 Lifetime
 99 years

 Inception date
 04/27/2001

 Date of 1st NAV
 04/27/2001

 ISIN
 FR0010546929

 Bloomberg code
 TOCDIVC FP

Base currency EUR

Income allocation Accumulation

Ref. Indic. MSCI EMU NET RETURN EUR

SFDR classification Article 8

Financial information

Entry charge 4% max. not acquired by the fund

Exit charge 1% max.

Management fees 2.392% incl. taxes

Performance fee No Swing pricing No Min. subscription 1 EUR

Fees as of 12/31/2023

Management fees and other administrative 2.05%

and operating expenses

Transaction costs

Outperformance fees

No

Operational information

Valorisation frequency Daily
Cut off 14:30
Settlement D+2

Fund administrator CACEIS Fund Administration

Custodian CACEIS Bank
Decimalisation Ten-thousandths

Fund Manager comments

Tocqueville Dividende ISR C turned in a negative monthly performance of -3.98% and turned in a positive performance of 3.86% year-to-date.

European markets ended the month down, the major event of June being French President Emmanuel Macron's announcement of the dissolution of the National Assembly and hence early legislative elections. This decision severely disrupted French stocks in a context where the budget trajectory and future legislative projects are becoming uncertain. On the economic front, in the eurozone, flash PMIs for June showed a sharp slowdown in private sector activity: Manufacturing PMI down to 45.8, Services PMI down to 52.6. We initiated a position in ANDRITZ. We like this company because of its leading positions. ANDRITZ is the world number 1 in pulp and metals forming equipment, two activities which account for around 2/3 of sales. The Austrian group is also among the world's top 3 in hydropower and environment & energy. The company is profitable (ROCE>10%), growing and has a healthy balance sheet. Finally, the aftermarket share is high (40% of sales) and the valuation not very demanding (P/E around 11x).

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception



Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

Perf. (%)

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	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund	-4.0	+3.9	+6.2	+3.9	+2.2	+2.3	+4.2
Ref. Indic.	-2.5	+8.3	+11.6	+9.1	+9.5	+7.2	+3.9

Δnnualise



Until the 12/30/2004, the reference index was CAC 40 NR (OUVERTURE). Then until the 12/17/2013 CAC 40 NR. Then until the 09/29/2022 MSCI EUROPE NR. And since the 09/30/2022, MSCI EMU NET RETURN EUR.

Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	10.9	13.5	18.9	16.5	15.5
Ref. indicator volatility	12.4	14.7	18.3	16.5	20.2
Sharpe ratio	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
Beta	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.7
Correlation	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9
Information ratio	-0.9	-0.8	-1.2	-1.0	-0.1
Tracking error	6.5	6.5	6.1	5.2	8.9
Max. drawdown of the fund	-7.6	-22.6	-38.0	-40.9	-53.1
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-10.4	-19.5	-35.3	-35.3	-57.1
Time to recovery (business days)	30.0	300.0	457.0	1005.0	2044.0

Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

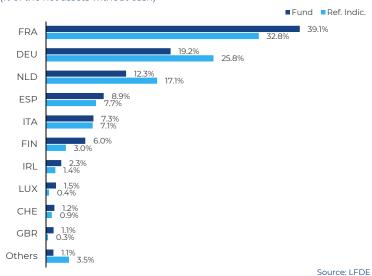
Fund Profile

EV/Sales 2024	1.3
PER 2024	10.5
Yield	5.7%
Active share	77.6%

Cash (% of the net assets)	6.3%
Number of positions	45
Average market capitalization (M€)	51,312
Median market capitalization (M€)	15,771
	Source: LFDF

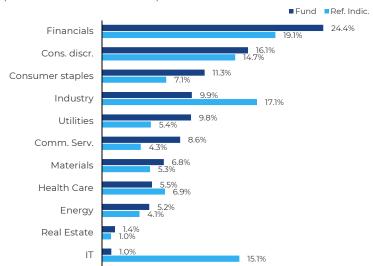
Geographic breakdown

(% of the net assets without cash)



Sector breakdown (GICS)

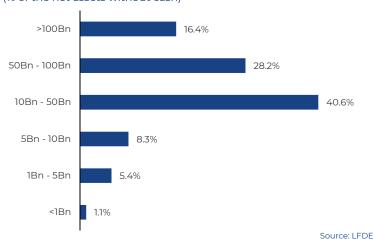
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: Bloomberg

Capitalization breakdown (€)

(% of the net assets without cash)



Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Axa	FRA	Financials	5.4
Iberdrola	ESP	Utilities	5.3
TotalEnergies	FRA	Energy	4.9
Danone	FRA	Consumer s	4.5
Ahold Delhaize	NLD	Consumer s	4.3
DHL Group	DEU	Industry	4.0
Mercedes-Benz	DEU	Cons. discr.	4.0
Michelin	FRA	Cons. discr.	4.0
Allianz	DEU	Financials	4.0
Sanofi	FRA	Health Care	4.0
Total weight o	of the top 10	holdings: 44.4%	

Source: LFDE

Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors						
Holdings	Performance	Contribution				
Roche	9.8	0.1				
KPN	4.0	0.1				
Deutsche Telekom	5.3	0.1				
Weight of the 3 contributors: 4.2%						

Flop 3 contributors							
Holdings	Performance	Contribution					
Axa	-7.5	-0.4					
BNP Paribas	-12.1	-0.4					
Stellantis	-8.6	-0.3					
	Weight of the 3 contributors: 12.1%						

Source: LFDE

Key SRI indicators

Average SRI rating method

SRI rating of the portfolio better than the SRI rating of the investment universe, after eliminating 20% of the lowest rated companies/issuers, and the list of exclusions from the LBP AM Exclusion Committee.





Encourage the dissemination of best practices in terms of corporate governance and business ethics.



Mitigating climate risks by supporting the transition from a highcarbon economic model to a more sober and sustainable model.

(4)

Sustainable Resource Management

Sustainable management of human and natural resources: respect for human rights, development of labour laws, sustainable relations with suppliers, environmental protection.

↑.. Territorial ■ Development

Promote responsible practices that meet the Sustainable Development Goals and create value for all stakeholders in the value chain.

	SRI Indicators	% portfolio	% comparable	Portfolio value	Comparable	Type of
	Ski ilidicators	coverage	coverage	FOILIOIIO Value	limit value	comparable
1	Average GREaT Score	100.0%	98.3%	3.4	4.0	Portfolio -20%
1	Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)	98.5%	84.6%	58.7	117.5	Universe
1	Human Rights	100.0%	97.8%	97.0%	59.0%	Universe
	Spot Sustainability score of the PTF for SFDR	N/A	N/A	67.2%	30.0%	Absolute

GREaT Pilars

Governance	100.0%	98.6%	4.3	5.0	Universe
Ressources	100.0%	98.6%	3.9	4.6	Universe
Energy Transition	100.0%	98.6%	3.5	4.5	Universe
Territories	100.0%	98.0%	3.9	4.7	Universe

Average GREaT Score Carbon footprint Human Rights Sustainability score Universe Worst GREaT score of the securities in position. The score 1 corresponds to the highest extra-financial quality and 10 to the lowest.

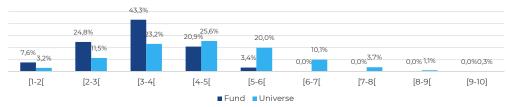
Number of tonnes of greenhouse gases generated (scope 1 + 2) per 1 million euros invested.

Share of companies that have signed the UN Global Compact.

Share of companies considered sustainable investments under SFDR regulations.

Euro Stoxx Total Market dividendes net reinvestis (en euro)

Rating GREaT Breakdown



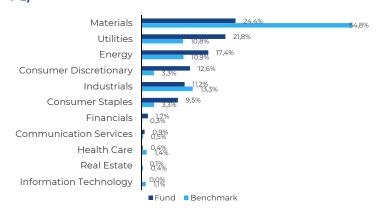
Top GREaT marks in the portfolio

Name	Weight in the portfolio	GREaT Rating	G	R	Е	Т
MERLIN PROPERTIES SOCIMI SA	0.6%	1.4	5.1%	26.0%	43.1%	25.8%
IBERDROLA SA	5.3%	1.6	7.5%	20.9%	47.1%	24.5%
STORA ENSO OYJ	1.2%	1.8	15.2%	39.8%	24.8%	20.2%
ENDESA SA	1.3%	2.1	12.7%	22.7%	28.7%	35.9%
REDEIA CORP SA	1.1%	2.1	10.0%	30.8%	37.6%	21.6%

The contribution of each pillar to the GREaT score is made in relation to the average score of the universe on the G, R, E and T dimension

SRI KPI of the fund

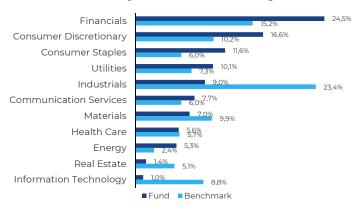
Sectoral Breakdown by Contribution Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)



Evolution Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)



Sectoral Breakdown by Contribution Human Rights



Evolution Human Rights



Source of extra financial data: LBP AM

Glossary

Lexicon of risk indicators

Volatility Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the

performance of a share, market or fund.

Sharpe ratio Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark

If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.

Bêta If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to

its benchmark index

For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.

Information ratio Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.

Tracking error An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is

from its benchmark index

Max. drawdown Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.

Time to recovery (business days)

Sensitivity

Commodities

Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown")

Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%)

Lexicon of financial analysis

FV/Sales Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales

PFR Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.

Consumer discretionary In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential **Basic consumption** As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.

Communication Services This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.

Emerging countries Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses

and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.

A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy

Lexicon of credit analysis

Investment grade bond A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.

High yield bond A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.

Duration The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.

Yield to worst The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.

Yield (all calls exercised) The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of

redeeming the bond before its final maturity date

Non-financial analysis lexicon

Selectivity rate Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.

Investment universe Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.

This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested Controversy score

in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment,

consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.

A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint:

Carbon impact ratio: CO₂ emissions saved and CO₂ emissions induced.

Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).

Carbon data

Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR) Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO_2 equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than I means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces

Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon

Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)

Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.

For more information

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the

www.lfde.com directly https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf www.lfde.com or

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.