



# TOCQUEVILLE VALUE EUROPE ISR P

OCTOBER 2024 (data as of 10/31/2024)



The fund's objective is to invest in European equity markets by selecting stocks that meet socially responsible investment criteria (according to the asset management company's analysis) and whose valuation is deemed to be at a discount by the management company ("Value"), while seeking to limit the risk of significant portfolio fluctuations.



510 M€  
Net assets



272.31 €  
NAV

Recommended investment horizon

5 years

## Fund Managers

Yann Giordmaina, Maxime Lefebvre

## Characteristics

Type	French mutual fund (FCP)
Lifetime	99 years
Inception date	01/03/1997
ISIN	FR0010547067
Bloomberg code	TOCHLDP FP
Base currency	EUR
Income allocation	Accumulation
Ref. Indic.	MSCI EUROPE NR
SFDR classification	Article 8

## Financial information

Entry charge	4% max. not acquired by the fund
Exit charge	1% max.
Management fees	2.392% incl. taxes
Performance fee	No
Swing pricing	No
Min. subscription	1 EUR

## Fees as of 12/31/2023

Management fees and other administrative and operating expenses	2.04%
Transaction costs	0.23%
Outperformance fees	No

## Operational information

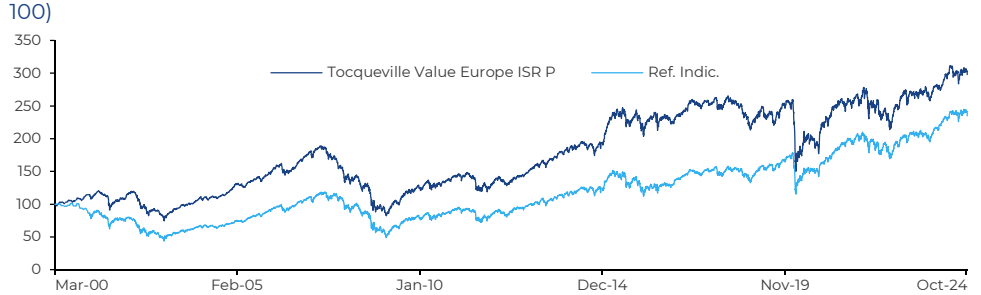
Valorisation frequency	Daily
Cut off	14:30
Settlement	D+2
Fund administrator	CACEIS Fund Administration
Custodian	CACEIS Bank
Decimalisation	Ten-thousandths

## Fund Manager comments

Tocqueville Value Europe ISR P turned in a negative monthly performance of -2.53% and turned in a positive performance of 6.14% year-to-date.

In generally declining European markets, Tocqueville Value Europe outperformed its benchmark index, driven by the outperformance of the value style. However, performance was slightly behind that of European value stocks (MSCI Europe Value). Most of the performance gap stems from our position in IPSOS, with the downward revision of the company's 2024 growth forecasts. On the other hand, the selection effect is positive on SANDOZ, with an increase in annual growth prospects thanks to its biosimilars business. The earnings season is proving complicated for cyclical companies, against a backdrop of slowing European growth. Against this backdrop, we continue to favor asset stocks whose valuation levels are less sensitive to economic activity, and which are more resilient in a context of rising prices.

## Evolution of the performance of the fund and its benchmark since 03/31/2000 (base 100)

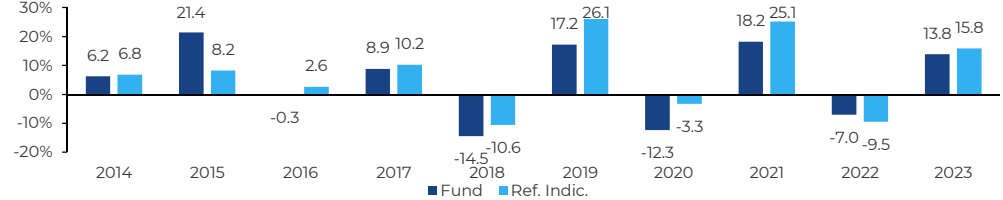


Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

## Perf. (%)

	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years
Fund	-2.5	+6.1	+14.5	+4.2	+4.0	+4.8
Ref. Indic.	-3.3	+8.0	+19.1	+5.2	+7.5	+6.7

## Performance by calendar year (%)



Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Returns indicated are after management fees but before taxes paid by the investor. The fund's performance and that of the benchmark index are calculated with net coupons reinvested. All fees and commissions are included in the calculation.

## Other risk indicators

(based on weekly figures)

	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years
Fund volatility	11.2	15.2	21.3	17.4
Ref. indicator volatility	10.9	14.0	17.9	16.2
Sharpe ratio	1.6	0.4	0.3	0.4
Beta	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Information ratio	-1.1	-0.2	-0.4	-0.3
Tracking error	5.6	6.3	7.5	6.9
Max. drawdown of the fund	-8.9	-23.2	-42.2	-43.4
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-7.1	-19.5	-35.3	-35.3
Time to recovery (business days)	-	239.0	304.0	408.0

## Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 5 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

**Fund Profile**

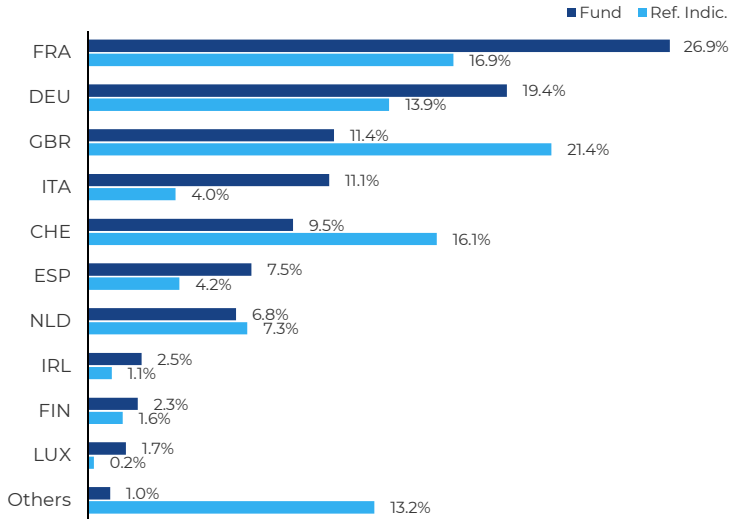
EV/Sales 2024	1.8
PER 2024	11.7
Yield	4.6%
Active share	77.1%

Cash (% of the net assets)	2.2%
Number of positions	53
Average market capitalization (M€)	75,603
Median market capitalization (M€)	40,562

Source: LFDE

**Geographic breakdown**

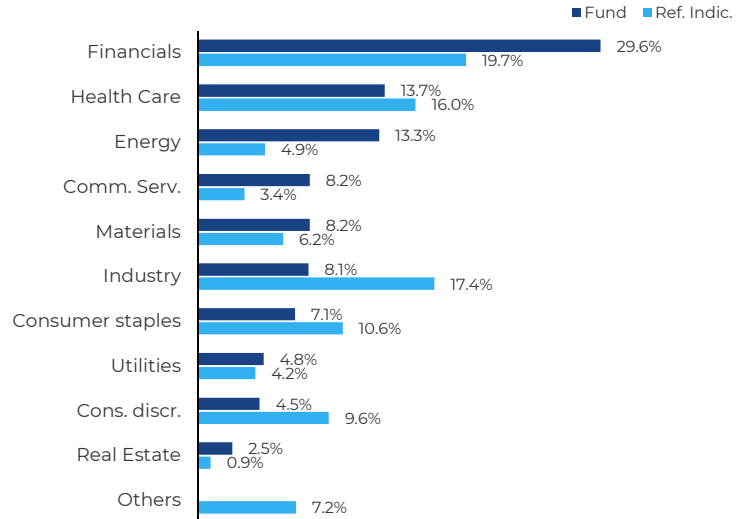
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

**Sector breakdown (GICS)**

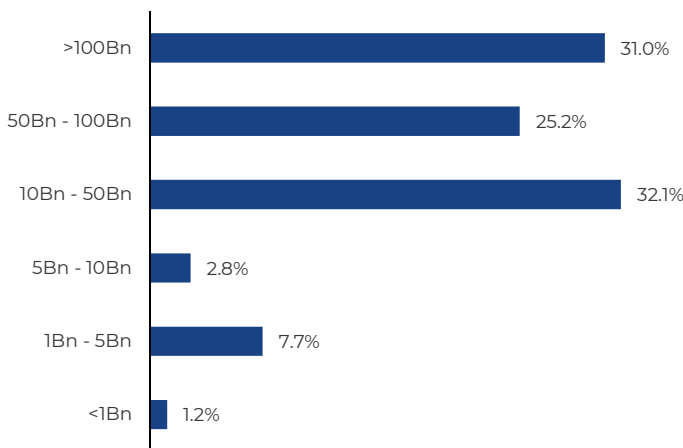
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: Bloomberg

**Capitalization breakdown (€)**

(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

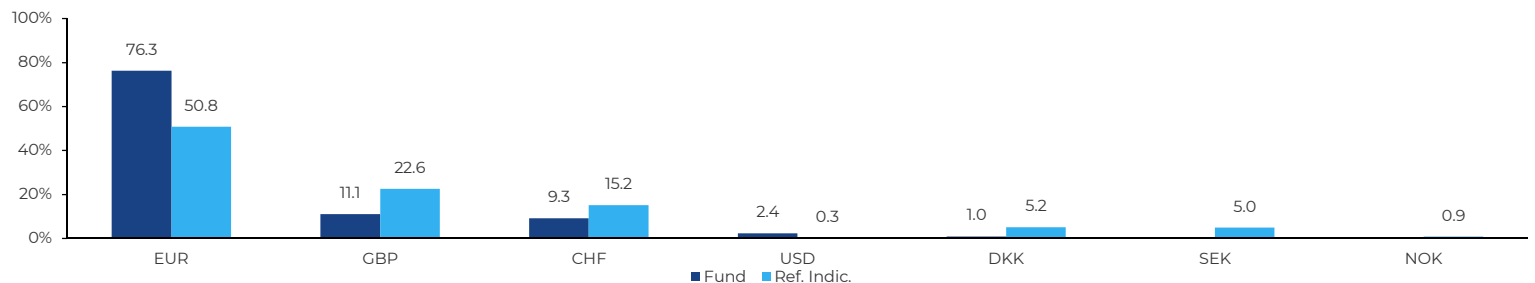
**Top holdings**

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Roche	CHE	Health Care	4.6
TotalEnergies	FRA	Energy	4.5
HSBC	GBR	Financials	4.1
Allianz	DEU	Financials	3.8
BNP Paribas	FRA	Financials	3.6
Sanofi	FRA	Health Care	3.5
Munich Re	DEU	Financials	3.1
Deutsche Telekom	DEU	Comm. Serv.	3.1
Unicredit	ITA	Financials	3.0
Novartis	CHE	Health Care	2.8

Total weight of the top 10 holdings: **36.1%**

Source: LFDE

**Currency breakdown**



Source: LFDE

**Performance analysis (monthly)**

Top 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
Sandoz	11.8	0.2
Deutsche Telekom	5.4	0.2
Vallourec	10.8	0.2

Weight of the 3 contributors: **6.1%**

Flop 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
Remy Cointreau	-17.9	-0.3
Michelin	-14.8	-0.3
Ipsos	-20.1	-0.3

Weight of the 3 contributors: **4.8%**

Source: LFDE

## Key SRI indicators

### Méthode de l'exclusion

Exclusion from the investment universe of 20% of the lowest rated companies/issuers, and from the list of exclusions issued by the LBP AM Exclusion Committee.



### Responsible governance

Encourage the dissemination of best practices in terms of corporate governance and business ethics.

### Sustainable Resource Management

Sustainable management of human and natural resources: respect for human rights, development of labour laws, sustainable relations with suppliers, environmental protection.

### Energy Transition

Mitigating climate risks by supporting the transition from a high-carbon economic model to a more sober and sustainable model.

### Territorial Development

Promote responsible practices that meet the Sustainable Development Goals and create value for all stakeholders in the value chain.

### SRI Indicators

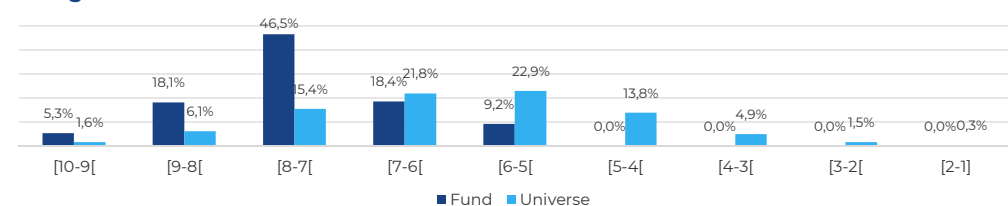
SRI Indicators	% portfolio coverage	% comparable coverage	Portfolio value	Comparable limit value	Type of comparable
Max GREaT score	97.5%	85.8%	5.6	4.8	Universe -20%
Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)	95.6%	76.2%	73.4	111.6	Universe
Sustainable Remuneration	93.4%	78.2%	98.0%	70.5%	Universe
Spot Sustainability score of the PTF for SFDR	N/A	N/A	54.7%	35.0%	Absolute

### GREaT Pillars

GREaT Pillars	% portfolio coverage	% comparable coverage	Portfolio value	Comparable limit value	Type of comparable
Governance	97.5%	88.3%	6.6	6.0	Universe
Ressources	97.5%	88.3%	6.8	5.9	Universe
Energy Transition	97.5%	88.3%	7.5	6.2	Universe
Territories	97.5%	86.8%	7.1	5.8	Universe

Max GREaT score	Pire score GREaT des titres en position. La note 10 correspond à la plus forte qualité extra-financière et 1 la plus faible.
Carbon footprint	Number of tonnes of greenhouse gases generated (scope 1 + 2) per 1 million euros invested.
Sustainable Remuneration	Share of companies that take into account extra-financial criteria in their executive remuneration policy.
Sustainability score Universe	Share of companies considered sustainable investments under SFDR regulations. Stoxx Europe Total Market dividendes net reinvestis (en euro)

### Rating GREaT Breakdown



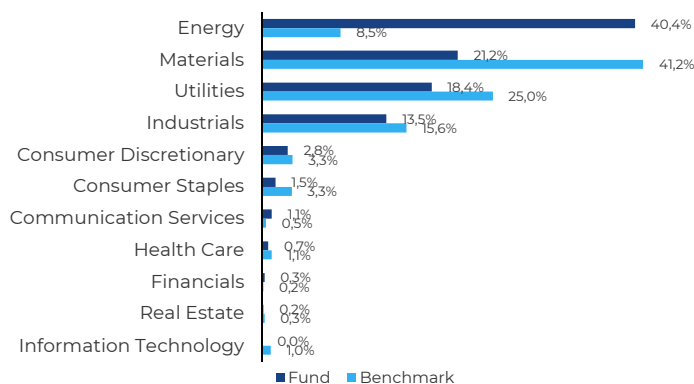
### Top GREaT marks in the portfolio

Name	Weight in the portfolio	GREaT Rating	G	R	E	T
MERLIN PROPERTIES SOCIMI SA	1.7%	9.6	-5.1%	-26.0%	-43.1%	-25.8%
ENEL SPA	1.6%	9.6	-4.8%	-28.7%	-42.5%	-24.0%
IBERDROLA SA	1.9%	9.4	-7.5%	-20.9%	-47.1%	-24.5%
ENDESA SA	1.1%	8.9	-12.7%	-22.7%	-28.7%	-35.9%
HENKEL AG & CO KGAA	2.1%	8.7	-11.7%	-24.3%	-18.0%	-46.0%

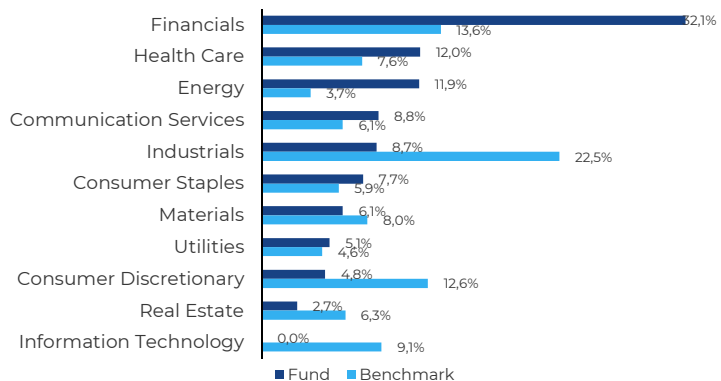
The contribution of each pillar to the GREaT score is made in relation to the average score of the universe on the G, R, E and T dimension

## SRI KPI of the fund

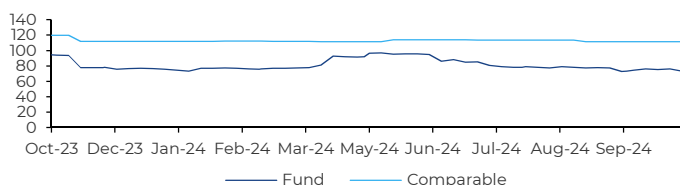
### Sectoral Breakdown by Contribution Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)



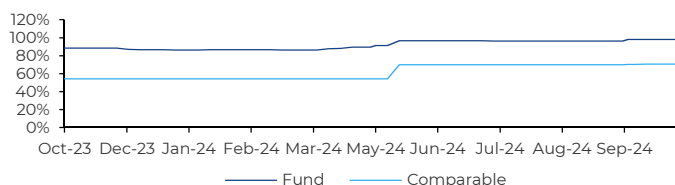
### Sectoral Breakdown by Contribution Sustainable Remuneration



### Evolution Carbon Footprint (Scope 1+2)



### Evolution Sustainable Remuneration



Source of extra financial data: LBP AM

COMMERCIAL DOCUMENT - Please refer to the glossary on the last page for technical terms.

## Glossary

### Lexicon of risk indicators

<b>Volatility</b>	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the performance of a share, market or fund.
<b>Sharpe ratio</b>	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.
<b>Bêta</b>	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.
<b>Information ratio</b>	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.
<b>Tracking error</b>	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.
<b>Max. drawdown</b>	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.
<b>Time to recovery (business days)</b>	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").
<b>Sensitivity</b>	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

### Lexicon of financial analysis

<b>EV/Sales</b>	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.
<b>PER</b>	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.
<b>Consumer discretionary</b>	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.
<b>Basic consumption</b>	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.
<b>Communication Services</b>	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.
<b>Emerging countries</b>	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.
<b>Commodities</b>	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.

### Lexicon of credit analysis

<b>Investment grade bond</b>	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.
<b>High yield bond</b>	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.
<b>Duration</b>	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.
<b>Yield to worst</b>	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.
<b>Yield (all calls exercised)</b>	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.

### Non-financial analysis lexicon

<b>Selectivity rate</b>	Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.
<b>Investment universe</b>	Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.
<b>Controversy score</b>	This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment, consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.
<b>Carbon data</b>	A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO <sub>2</sub> emissions saved and CO <sub>2</sub> emissions induced. Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).
<b>Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR)</b>	Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than 1 means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces.
<b>Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)</b>	Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.

### For more information

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website [www.lfde.com](http://www.lfde.com).

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website [www.lfde.com](http://www.lfde.com) or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website [www.lfde.com](http://www.lfde.com) or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.