



ECHIQUIER AGENOR SRI MID CAP EUROPE FUND K

APRIL 2024 (data as of 04/30/2024)



Echiquier Agenor SRI Mid Cap Europe Fund is a bottom up stock-picking fund. It invests in European small and mid-cap growth stocks that are selected mainly for the quality of their Management.



19 M€
Net assets



2,028.81 €
NAV

Recommended investment horizon

5 years

Fund Managers

Stéphanie Bobtcheff, José Berros

Characteristics

Type	Sicav (subfund)
Sicav	Echiquier Fund
Creation of the Sicav	10/08/2013
Lifetime	Indefinite
Creation of the subfund	01/17/2014
Date of 1st NAV	01/17/2014
ISIN	LU0969069359
Bloomberg code	EAMCEGE LX
Base currency	EUR
Income allocation	Accumulation
Ref. Indic.	MSCI EUROPE MID CAP NET RETURN EUR
SFDR classification	Article 8

Financial information

Entry charge	3% max. not acquired by the subfund
Exit charge	None
Management fees	1.00% incl. taxes
Performance fee	No
Swing pricing	No
Min. subscription	100,000 EUR

Fees as of 09/30/2023

Management fees and other administrative and operating expenses	1.10%
Transaction costs	0.23%
Outperformance fees	No

Operational information

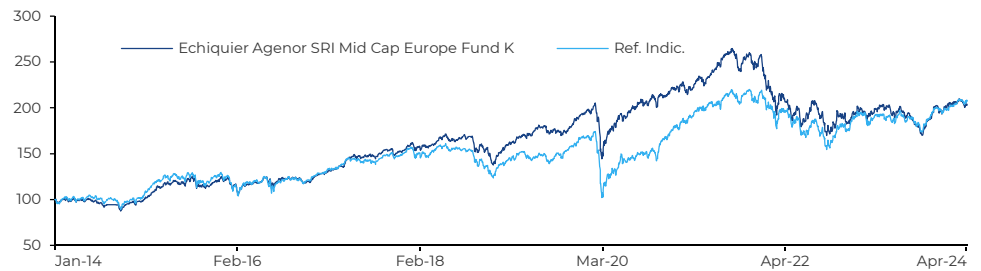
Valorisation frequency	Daily
Cut off	10:00
Settlement	D+2
Fund administrator	BNP Paribas Luxembourg
Custodian	BNP Paribas Luxembourg
Decimalisation	Thousandths

Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Agenor SRI Mid Cap Europe Fund K turned in a negative monthly performance of -3.40% and turned in a positive performance of 0.31% year-to-date.

A slightly weaker-than-expected earnings season and the postponement of rate cuts in the United States led to profit-taking. The value style outperformed by more than 3 points in the wake of stronger-than-expected inflation figures in the US and a rebound in macro indicators in Europe. Earnings releases added volatility to the fund: disappointment on SARTORIUS (-24%) with order intake below expectations and ALTEN (-18%) which forecasts organic growth of only 3% in 2024. BESI (-12%) disappointed the market on its Q2 guidance despite the rapid ramp-up of the Hybrid Bonding business. Among the pleasant surprises, AAK (+12%) once again surprised the market with its Q1 margin, leading to significant upward revisions of the consensus. ASM (+5%) significantly exceeds expectations on its Q2 guidance. NEOEN (+10%) was the month's best performer. The group is said to be in advanced discussions to sell 30% of its Australian subsidiary at very attractive multiples. This would avoid the need for a capital increase in 2025. We remain positive on the fund's positioning ahead of the ECB's first rate cuts, against a backdrop of normalised inflation in Europe.

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)

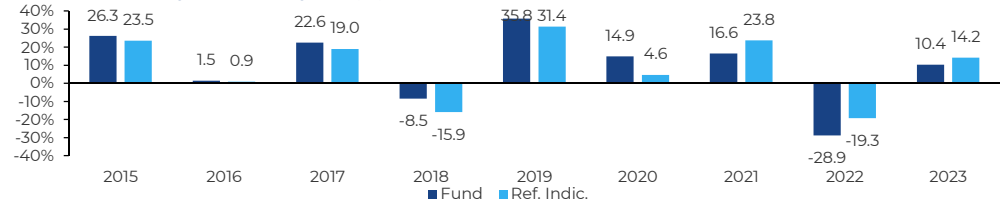


Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

Perf. (%)

	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund	-3.4	+0.3	+1.3	-4.4	+3.5	+7.4	+7.1
Ref. Indic.	-1.1	+3.6	+7.4	+1.3	+6.4	+7.5	+7.3

Performance by calendar year (%)



Until the 12/31/2021, the reference index was MSCI EUROPE SM CAP NR. And since the 01/01/2022, MSCI EUROPE MID CAP NET RETURN EUR.

Other risk indicators

(based on weekly figures)

	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	14.3	17.7	17.9	15.4	15.3
Ref. indicator volatility	13.1	15.9	20.4	17.7	17.6
Sharpe ratio	Neg	Neg	0.3	0.6	0.5
Beta	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Information ratio	-0.9	-0.7	-0.3	0	-0.1
Tracking error	6.3	8.0	10.1	8.3	8.3
Max. drawdown of the fund	-16.3	-35.8	-35.8	-35.8	-35.8
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-11.9	-29.8	-41.4	-41.4	-41.4
Time to recovery (business days)	71.0	-	-	-	-

Risk indicator



The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

Fund Profile

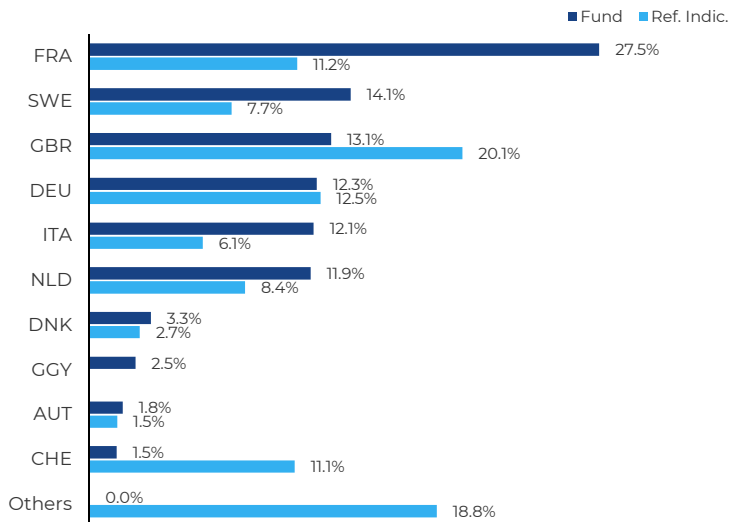
EV/Sales 2024	4.9
PER 2024	25.4
Yield	1.9%
Active share	89.3%

Cash (% of the net assets)	6.7%
Number of positions	35
Average market capitalization (M€)	8,077
Median market capitalization (M€)	6,896

Source: LFDE

Geographic breakdown

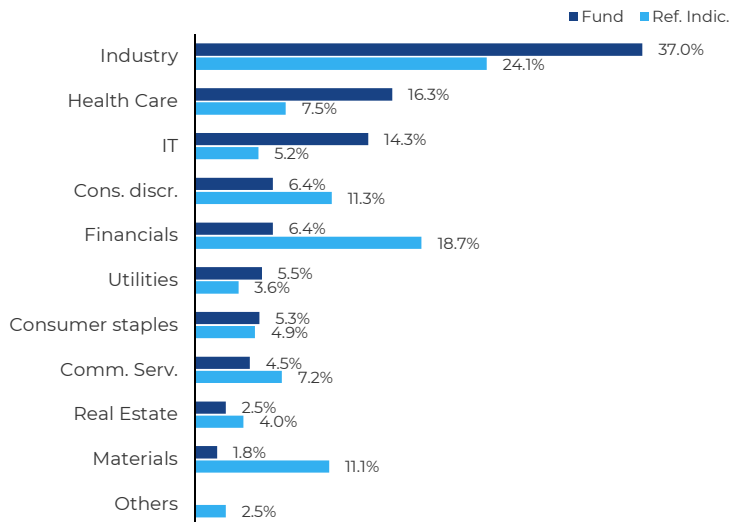
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

Sector breakdown (GICS)

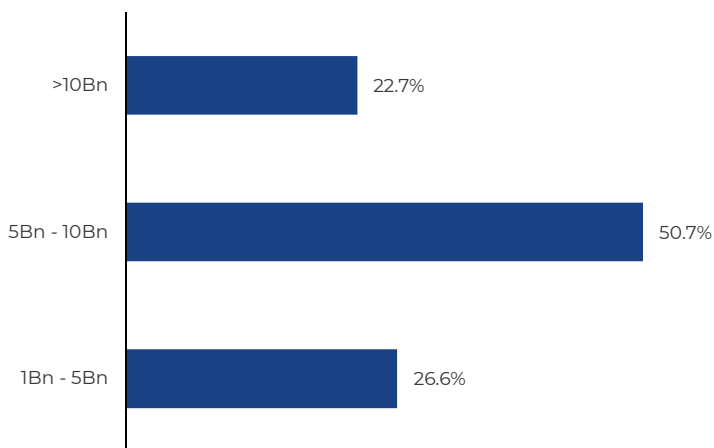
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: Bloomberg

Capitalization breakdown (€)

(% of the net assets without cash)



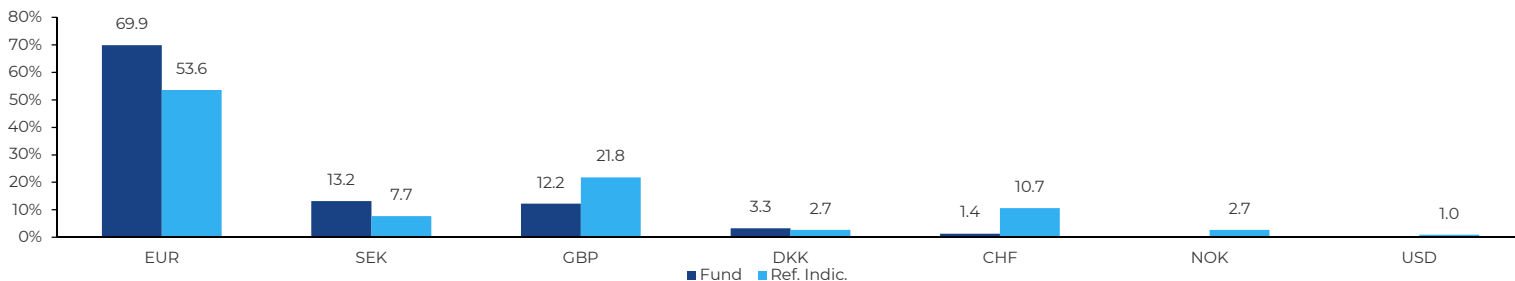
Source: LFDE

Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Neoen	FRA	Utilities	5.1
AAK	SWE	Consumer s...	4.9
Diploma	GBR	Industry	4.8
Recordati	ITA	Health Care	4.6
Euronext	FRA	Financials	4.2
Scout24	DEU	Comm. Serv.	4.2
Spie	FRA	Industry	4.1
Smiths	GBR	Industry	3.6
Beijer Ref B	SWE	Industry	3.2
Elis	FRA	Industry	3.0
Total weight of the top 10 holdings:			41.7%

Source: LFDE

Currency breakdown



Source: LFDE

Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
Neoen	9.6	0.4
AAK	9.5	0.4
ASM International	5.2	0.1
Weight of the 3 contributors: 12.3%		

Flop 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
Alten	-18.1	-0.7
Sartorius Sted. Bio.	-23.0	-0.6
IMCD	-12.9	-0.4
Weight of the 3 contributors: 8.6%		

Source: LFDE

ESG Data

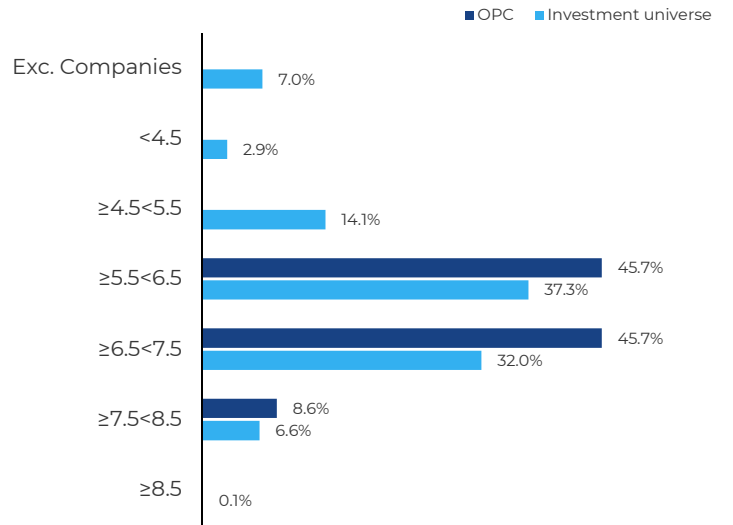
Selectivity rate⁽¹⁾	26.9%	
Minimum ESG score	Fund	Investment universe
	5.5	
Coverage rates for ESG analysis ⁽²⁾	100%	85%
Weighted average ESG rating	6.6	6.2

⁽¹⁾Selectivity rate: percentage of the investment universe excluded due to ESG criteria
⁽²⁾Percentage of net invested assets (excluding mutual funds, cash and derivatives) covered by ESG analysis

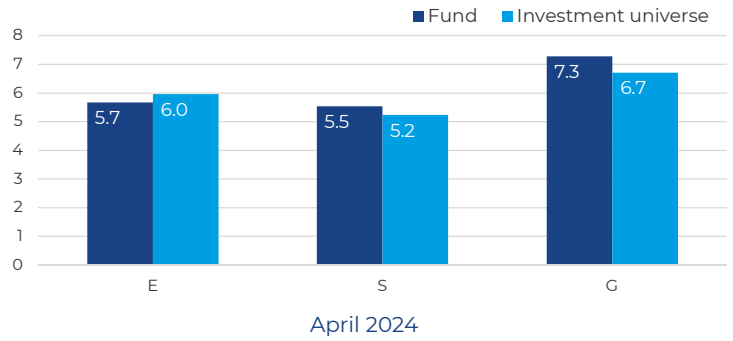
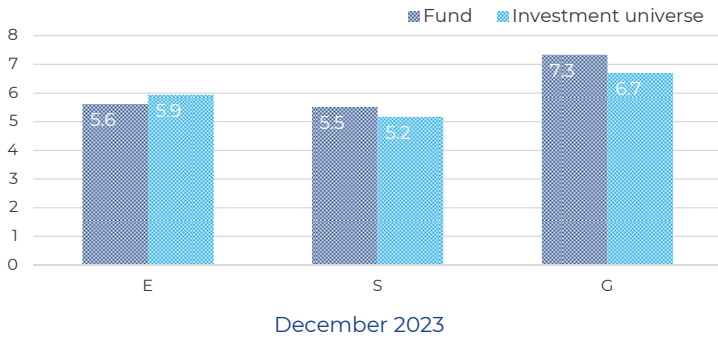
Top ESG ratings of the fund

Holdings	Country	ESG score	E	S	G
Thule	Sweden	8.1	8.9	7.3	8.1
Shurgard Self Storage	Belgium	8.0	6.8	6.9	8.7
Spie	France	7.6	6.7	6.8	8.1
Wienerberger	Austria	7.4	7.8	6.4	7.6
Edenred	France	7.4	10.0	6.2	7.3

Distribution of ESG ratings of the fund and the investment universe

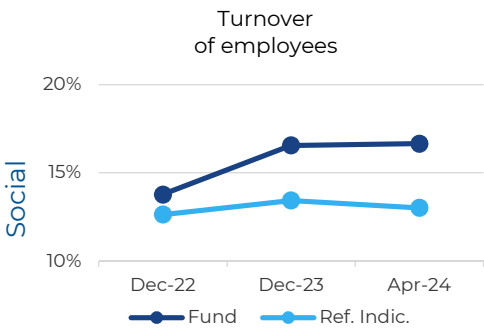


Average scores compared to the investment universe

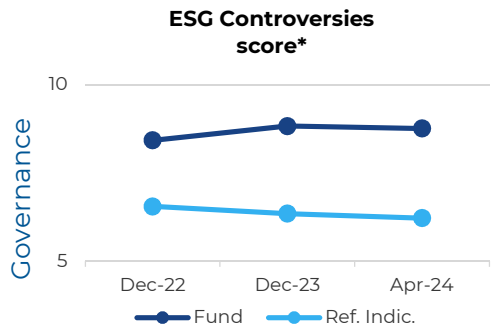


Source: La Financière de l'Echiquier and MSCI ESG Research

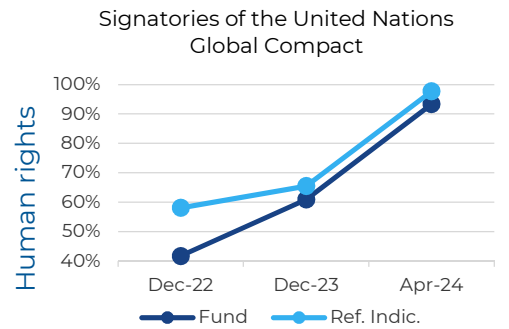
ESG performance indicators



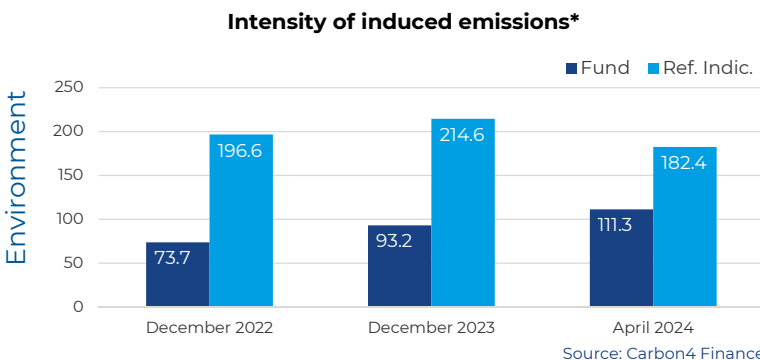
Source: MSCI ESG Research



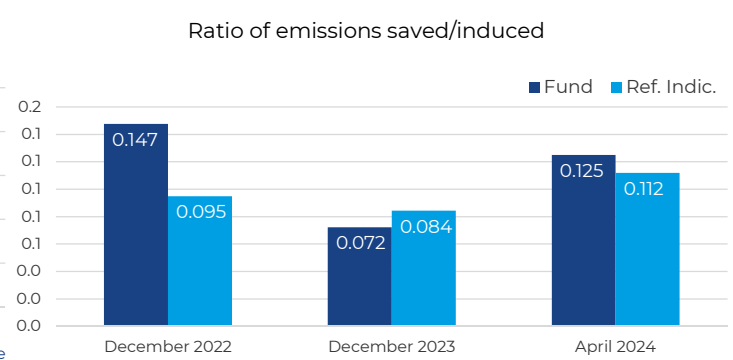
Source: MSCI ESG Research



Source: LFDE



Source: Carbon4 Finance



Source: Carbon4 Finance

* The Fund is committed to outperforming its benchmark on these indicators.

Methodologies and coverage rate

		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024
Turnover of employees	Portfolio	79.2%	82.4%	81.0%	ESG Controversy score	Portfolio	97.7%	100.0%	100.0%
	Ref. indicator	78.5%	78.8%	80.9%		Ref. indicator	100.0%	99.6%	99.9%
					$\text{Controversy score of the portfolio} = \sum_{i=1}^n (\text{Controversy Score}_i \times \text{Stock Weighting}_i)$				
		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024
Signatories of the United Nations Global Compact	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Carbon data	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Ref. indicator	89.8%	98.9%	99.9%		Ref. indicator	95.2%	96.3%	95.6%
					$\text{Carbon intensity of the portfolio} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{\text{Investment Value}_i}{\text{Fund Net Asset Value}} \times \frac{\text{Carbon Emissions Scope 1,2 e 3}}{\text{Enterprise Value}_i} \right)$				
					$\text{Ratio avoided emissions on induced emissions (CIR)} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{\text{Sum of CO2 emissions savings}_i}{\text{Sum of CO2 induced emissions}_i} \times \text{Stock weighting}_i \text{ in the portfolio} \right)$				

We have not encountered any difficulties in measuring these ESG performance indicators.

ESG: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. At La Financière de l'Echiquier, the Governance score accounts for around 60% of the ESG score.

For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators above and on our approach as a responsible investor, please refer to our transparency code and other documents available on La Financière de l'Echiquier's website at the following link: www.lfde.com/en/responsible-investment/to-find-out-more/

Sources: La Financière de l'Echiquier, The United Nations Global Compact, Carbon4 Finance, MSCI ESG Research

The French government SRI label is valid for a limited period and is subject to re-evaluation. Furthermore, the fact that a sub-fund has been awarded the label does not mean that it meets your own sustainability objectives or that the label meets the requirements of future national or European rules.

Extra-financial objective of the fund

The fund systematically incorporates environmental, social and governance criteria. This has an impact on the selection of securities in the portfolio.

The following are examples of indicators for each of the E, S and G criteria:

- **Environmental indicators:** environmental policy and actions, results of action plans put in place by the company, exposure of suppliers to environmental risks, positive or negative impact of products on the environment.
- **Social indicators:** attractiveness of employer brand, employee retention, anti-discrimination, employee protection, supplier exposure to social risks, relations with civil society.
- **Governance indicators:** competence of the management team, checks and balances, respect for minority shareholders, business ethics.

The fund seeks to select the best-rated issuers from an extra-financial point of view within its investment universe ("best in universe" approach).

The fund also invests in companies that have adopted a CSR approach and are committed to improving their ESG practices ("best effort" approach).

The fund applies two extra-financial filters in its stock selection: after excluding controversial sectors and practices, stocks must meet a minimum ESG rating requirement. These ratings are determined by the Management Company and applied to the entire portfolio. The ESG rating is established out of 10 and is assigned to each issuer.

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This rating is determined as follows:

- **Governance:** the Governance rating represents approximately 60% of the overall ESG rating. This is a historical bias of La Financière de l'Echiquier, which has attached particular importance to this subject since its creation.
- **Environment and Social:** social and environmental criteria are combined into a Responsibility score. The calculation of this takes account of the type of company concerned:
 - **for industrial stocks:** social and environmental criteria are equally weighted within the Responsibility score.
 - **for service values:** the "Social" score contributes 2/3 to the "Responsibility" score while the "Environment" score accounts for 1/3 of the "Responsibility" score.

This rating may be reduced in the event of significant controversy. If a company's rating falls below the minimum required by the Management Company for the fund, the position in the issuer would be sold in the best interests of unitholders/shareholders.

For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators, please refer to our transparency code available on www.lfde.com/en/responsible-investment/to-find-out-more/.

Glossary

Lexicon of risk indicators

Volatility	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the performance of a share, market or fund.
Sharpe ratio	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with "too much" risk taken.
Bêta	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.
Information ratio	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.
Tracking error	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.
Max. drawdown	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.
Time to recovery (business days)	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").
Sensitivity	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

Lexicon of financial analysis

EV/Sales	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.
PER	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.
Consumer discretionary	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.
Basic consumption	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.
Communication Services	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.
Emerging countries	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.
Commodities	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.

Lexicon of credit analysis

Investment grade bond	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.
High yield bond	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.
Duration	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.
Yield to worst	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.
Yield (all calls exercised)	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.

Non-financial analysis lexicon

Selectivity rate	Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.
Investment universe	Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.
Controversy score	This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment, consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.
Carbon data	A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO ₂ emissions saved and CO ₂ emissions induced. Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).
Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR)	Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than 1 means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces.
Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)	Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.

For more information

The SICAV was created on October 8, 2013 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on January 17, 2014.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com.

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.