

ECHIQUIER MAJOR SRI GROWTH EUROPE FUND K

APRIL 2024 (data as of 04/30/2024)



Echiquier Major SRI Growth Europe Fund is a bottom up stock-picking fund. It invests in European large-cap growth stocks, leaders in their industry.

 21 M€
 2,100.17 €

 Net assets
 NAV

Adrien Bommelaer, Paul Merle, Marion Cohet Boucheron

Sicav (subfund)

Echiquier Fund

10/08/2013

Indefinite

01/17/2014

01/17/2014

FUR

Article 8

subfund

1.00% incl. taxes

100,000 EUR

None

No

No

1.17%

0.17%

Dailv

10:00

D+2

Thousandths

BNP Paribas Luxembourg

BNP Paribas Luxembourg

No

LU0969070282

ECMELGE LX

Accumulation MSCI FUROPE NR

3% max. not acquired by the

Recommended investment horizon

Fund Managers

Characteristics

Creation of the Sicav

Date of 1st NAV

Bloomberg code

Income allocation

Financial information

Base currency

Ref. Indic. SFDR classification

Entry charge

Exit charge

Management fees

Performance fee

Min. subscription

Fees as of 09/30/2023

Management fees and

and operating expenses

Outperformance fees

Valorisation frequency

Fund administrator Custodian

Decimalisation

Operational information

other administrative

Transaction costs

Cut off

Settlement

Swing pricing

Creation of the subfund

Type

Sicav

Lifetime

ISIN



Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Major SRI Growth Europe Fund K turned in a negative monthly performance of -3.91% and turned in a positive performance of 4.29% year-to-date.

The markets corrected in April against a backdrop of rising interest rates, fuelled by macroeconomic indicators confirming the resilience of the US economy and a lack of progress on the inflation front. This has led to significant factor rotation towards value sectors such as energy, to the detriment of growth stocks, particularly technology and luxury goods. Against this unfavourable backdrop, the fund underperformed. Among the top contributors, ASTRAZENECA and L'OREAL published excellent results, as did SPOTIFY, which confirmed the improvement in its profitability trajectory. INFINEON is recovering in the wake of positive signs that the inventory correction in the industrial segment is coming to an end. In contrast, our technology positions such as ACCENTURE and ASML, and long-duration positions such as STRAUMANN and COLOPLAST, suffered from rising interest rates and disappointing earnings reports. During the month, we continued to create our new position in the media sector and sold our positions in PERNOD RICARD, as the destocking in spirits lasted longer than expected.

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)



Perf. (%)

			Anndalised						
	1 month	YTD	1 year 3 Years		5 Years 10 years		Since inception		
Fund	-3.9	+4.3	+11.8	+4.8	+8.9	+7.5	+7.5		
Ref. Indic.	-0.9	+6.7	+11.0	+8.1	+7.8	+6.7	+6.7		

Annualised

Performance by calendar year (%)



Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	l year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	11.9	15.6	18.1	16.1	16.0
Ref. indicator volatility	11.0	13.5	17.9	16.3	16.2
Sharpe ratio	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6
Beta	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Information ratio	0.3	-0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
Tracking error	5.4	7.5	7.4	6.4	6.4
Max. drawdown of the fund	-8.6	-27.2	-31.2	-31.2	-31.2
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-8.3	-19.5	-35.3	-35.3	-35.3
Time to recovery (business days)	17.0	358.0	197.0	197.0	197.0

Risk indicator



The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

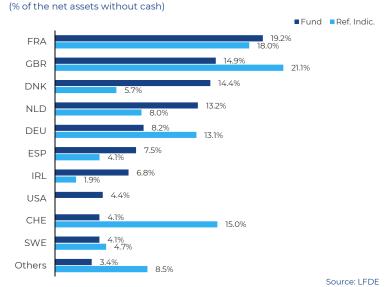
LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER - ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY - 53, AVENUE D'IÉNA - 75116 PARIS - Phone : +33(0)1.47.23.90.90 - FAX : +33(0)1.47.23.91.91 - www.lfde.com/en-int S.A. with a share capital of 10 047 500 € - SIREN 352 045 454 - R.C.S. PARIS - AMF approval N° 91004

ECHIQUIER MAJOR SRI GROWTH EUROPE FUND K

Fund Profile

EV/Sales 2024	6.7
PER 2024	29.9
Yield	1.8%
Active share	78.9%

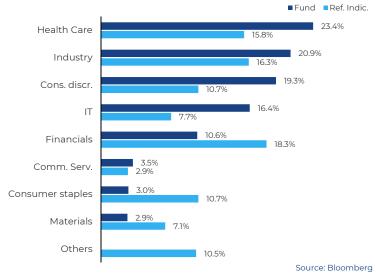
Geographic breakdown



Cash (% of the net assets) 0.5% Number of positions 31 Average market capitalization (M€) 166,140 Median market capitalization (M€) 55,816 Source: LFDE

Sector breakdown (GICS)

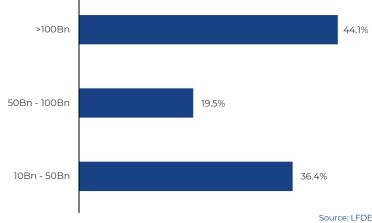
(% of the net assets without cash)



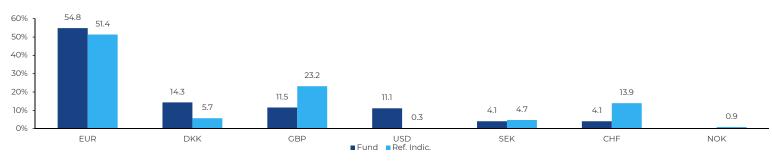
Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Novo Nordisk	DNK	Health Care	9.1
ASML	NLD	IT	6.8
Wolters Kluwer	NLD	Industry	4.3
Inditex	ESP	Cons. discr.	4.2
EssilorLuxottica	FRA	Health Care	4.1
Legrand	FRA	Industry	4.0
Accenture	IRL	IT	3.9
Ferrari	ITA	Cons. discr.	3.4
LVMH	FRA	Cons. discr.	3.4
RELX	GBR	Industry	3.3
Total weight	of the top 10	holdings: 46.5%	
			Source: LFDE

Capitalization breakdown (€) (% of the net assets without cash)



Currency breakdown



Source: LFDE

Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors							
Holdings	Performance	Contribution					
Astrazeneca	13.1	0.4					
Novo Nordisk	2.4	0.2					
Spotify	7.5	0.1					
Weight of the 3 contributors: 12.5%							

Flop 3 contributors						
Holdings	Performance	Contribution				
Accenture	-11.8	-0.5				
ASML	-6.5	-0.5				
Straumann	-14.7	-0.3				
Weight of the 3 contributors: 13.0%						
		Source: LFDE				

LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER - ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY - 53, AVENUE D'IÉNA - 75116 PARIS - Phone : +33(0)1.47.23.90.90 - FAX : +33(0)1.47.23.91.91 - www.lfde.com/en-int S.A. with a share capital of 10 047 500 € - SIREN 352 045 454 - R.C.S. PARIS - AMF approval N° 91004

45.2%

G

ESG Data

	40.8 %
	6.1
Fund	Investment universe
100%	90%
7.1	6.4
	100%

^{II}Selectivity rate: percentage of the investment universe excluded due to ESG criteria ^{I2}Percentage of net invested assets (excluding mutual funds, cash and derivatives) covered by ESG analysis

Top ESG ratings of the fund

Holdings	Country	ESG score	Е	S	G
Legrand	France	8.6	8.3	8.4	8.8
Relx	UK	8.2	7.4	8.4	8.3
Asml	Netherlands	7.8	6.6	8.8	7.9
London Stock Exchange	UK	7.8	6.8	7.7	8.0
Amadeus It	Spain	7.7	10.0	6.1	7.9
Amadeus It	Spain	7.7	10.0	6.1	7.9

■OPC ■Investment universe Exc. Companies 4 24<5</p> 5.8% 25<6</p> 17.5% 26<7</p> 39.7% 48.4%

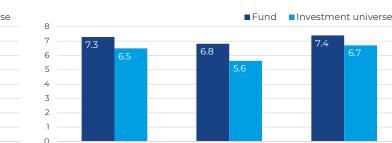
22.2%

S

April 2024

Distribution of ESG ratings of the fund and the investment

universe



6.5%

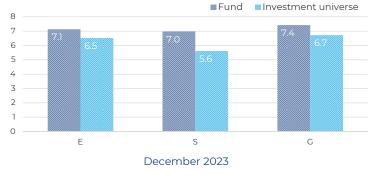
19%

≥7<8

≥8

F

Average scores compared to the investment universe

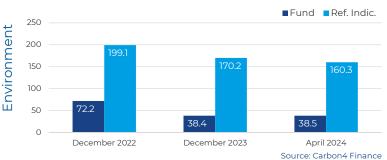




Signatories of the United Nations

ESG performance indicators Turnover ESC Controversies of employees score*





Ratio of emissions saved/induced



* The Fund is committed to outperforming its benchmark on these indicators.

LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER - ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY - 53, AVENUE D'IÉNA - 75116 PARIS - Phone : +33(0)1.47.23.90.90 - FAX : +33(0)1.47.23.91.91 - www.lfde.com/en-int S.A. with a share capital of 10 047 500 € - SIREN 352 045 454 - R.C.S. PARIS - AMF approval № 91004

Methodologies and coverage rate

		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024
Turnover	Portfolio	93.8%	95.9%	91.9%	ESG Controversy score	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	98.6%
of employees	Ref. indicator	85.0%	88.0%	88.2%		Ref. indicator	100.0%	99.9%	100.0%
					Controversy score of the portf	olio = $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (Controversy Score_i)$	x Stock Weighting _i		
		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	04/30/2024
Signatories of the United Nations	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Carbon	Portfolio	98.1%	100.0%	100.0%
Global Compact	Ref. indicator	96.2%	99.8%	100.0%	data	Ref. indicator	98.8%	99.0%	99.1%
					Carbon intensity of the portfoli	$o = \sum^{n} \left(\frac{\text{Investment Value}}{1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +$			

Li=1 Fund Net Asset Value x Enterprise Value_i

 $rolded emissions on induced emissions (CIR) = \sum_{i=1}^{m_1} - \frac{Sum of CO2 emissions savings_i}{Sum of CO2 induced emissions_i} \times Stock weighting_1 in the portfolio)$

We have not encountered any difficulties in measuring these ESG performance indicators.

ESC: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. At La Financière de l'Echiquier, the Governance score accounts for around 60% of the ESC score. For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESC indicators above and on our approach as a responsible investor, please refer to our transparency code and other documents available on La Financière de l'Echiquier's website at the following link: www.lfde.com/en/responsible-investment/to-find-out-more/

Sources: La Financière de l'Echiquier. The United Nations Global Compact, Carbon4 Finance, MSCI ESG Research

The French government SRI label is valid for a limited period and is subject to re-evaluation. Furthermore, the fact that a sub-fund has been awarded the label does not mean that it meets your own sustainability objectives or that the label meets the requirements of future national or European rules

Extra-financial objective of the fund

The fund systematically incorporates environmental, social and governance criteria. This has an impact on the selection of securities in the portfolio.

The following are examples of indicators for each of the F. S and G criteria:

Environmental indicators: environmental policy and actions, results of action plans put in place by the company, exposure of suppliers to environmental risks, positive or negative impact of products on the environment.

Social indicators: attractiveness of employee brand, employee retention, anti-discrimination, employee protection, supplier exposure to social risks, relations with civil society. Governance indicators: competence of the management team, checks and balances, respect for minority shareholders, business ethics

The fund seeks to select the best-rated issuers from an extra-financial point of view within its investment universe ("best in universe" approach)

The fund also invests in companies that have adopted a CSR approach and are committed to improving their ESC practices ("best effort" approach).

The fund applies two extra-financial filters in its stock selection: after excluding controversial sectors and practices, stocks must meet a minimum ESG rating requirement. These ratings are determined by the Management Company and applied to the entire portfolio. The ESG rating is established out of 10 and is assigned to each issuer.

The ESG rating is out of 10 and is assigned to each issuer.

This rating is determined as follows:

- Governance: the Governance rating represents approximately 60% of the overall ESG rating. This is a historical bias of La Financière de l'Echiquier, which has attached particular importance to this subject since its creation.
- Environment and Social: social and environmental criteria are combined into a Responsibility score. The calculation of this takes account of the type of company concerned: for industrial stocks: social and environmental criteria are equally weighted within the Responsibility score.

- for service values: the "Social" score contributes 2/3 to the "Responsibility" score while the "Environment" score accounts for 1/3 of the "Responsibility" score.

This rating may be reduced in the event of significant controversy. If a company's rating falls below the minimum required by the Management Company for the fund, the position in the ssuer would be sold in the best interests of unitholders/shareholders

For further information related to the methodologies used to calculate ESG indicators, please refer to our transparency code available on www.lfde.com/en/responsible-investment/tofind-out-more/.

Glossary

	Lexicon of risk indicators
Volatility	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the performance of a share, market or fund.
Sharpe ratio	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.
Bêta	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.
Information ratio	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.
Tracking error	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.
Max. drawdown	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.
Time to recovery (business days)	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").
Sensitivity	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).
	Lexicon of financial analysis
EV/Sales	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.
PER	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.
Consumer discretionary	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.
Basic consumption	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.
Communication Services	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.
Emerging countries	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.
Commodities	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.
	Lexicon of credit analysis
Investment grade bond	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.
High yield bond	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.
Duration	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.
Yield to worst	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.
Yield (all calls exercised)	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.
	Non-financial analysis lexicon
Selectivity rate	Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.
Investment universe	Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.
Controversy score	This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment, consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.
Carbon data	A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO ₂ emissions saved and CO ₂ emissions induced. Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).
Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR)	Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than 1 means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces.
Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)	Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.

For more information

The SICAV was created on October 8, 2013 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on January 17, 2014.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com.

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.